

Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 32.

VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, MARCH 4, 1901.

NO. 142.

Don't Quarrel

About the time. Probably your watch or clock is wrong, and yet it isn't to blame. It would keep good time if you'd let it.



Every Watch Needs Cleaning

Regulating and a little repairing now and then. You cannot expect such fine machinery to run for years without cleaning and fresh oil.

Bring Your Watch or Clock to Us

When there is anything wrong with it, we'll make it good as new—and we won't charge you much either.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Challoner & Mitchell, JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS
47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

It Will Pay You



To watch our ads. We advertise something interesting every week, and as our space will not permit us to quote all the articles we carry we will be pleased to have you call and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Our drives for this week:
ARMOUR'S FINEST AND BEANS 10 and 15c. tin
CALIFORNIA NEW GRASS BUTTER 40c.
NATIVE FINEST WINE 25c. bottle
ATLANTIC TOMATOES 10c. tin
ATLANTIC CORN 10c. tin
ATLANTIC PEAS 10c. tin
ATLANTIC BEANS 10c. tin

Dixie H. Ross & Co.,
CASH GROCERS.

LOOK IN



On us and into our shoes and decide for yourselves whether or not we give value for money in the shoe line. A shoe may look well on paper or in the window—what you want is a shoe which looks well on your foot and keeps looking well for some time. That's where quality counts. We claim to furnish footwear that is all it should be.

Shoe Emporium
COR. GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STREETS.

SPRING

The Trade are invited to call and inspect our many and varied lines of Spring Goods, which we offer at prices that cannot be beaten.

J. Piercy & Co.,

VICTORIA, B. C. WHOLESALE DRYGOODS

WALL PAPER SALE

Balance of last year's papers are selling at TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. DISCOUNT, OR FIFTY TRADING STAMPS on the Dollar.
This is an opportunity to buy good papers at exceptionally low prices, for we MUST clear out all old stock to make room for new goods, of which we have an immense stock, all at low prices. Add Builders and General Contractors. J. W. MELLOR.

J. W. MELLOR, 70 AND 75 FORT STREET, ABOVE DOUGLAS STREET.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LD

Poultry Netting, Garden Tools,
Bone Mills, Lawn Mowers,
Garden Barrows, Paints and Oils.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LD.

61 Yates Street, Victoria.

A CHEAP HOME FOR SALE

IN JAMES BAY ON EASY TERMS

ONLY \$500. APPLY

B.C. Land & Investment Agency.

40 Government St.

Cheap Building Sites

Lots on Bank street, each \$ 100
Lot on Oswego street, for 200
Lot on San Juan avenue, only 225
Lot on South Turner street, for 240
Lot on Niagara St., near Park, cheap 500
Lot on Menzies street, close in 950
Lot on Stanley street, bargain 300
Cottages in James Bay from \$350 to \$500
6 roomed house for \$1,000; \$100 cash.
No. 1000 to suit you.
Large lot and 7 roomed house for 1,000
We have dozens of other bargains and \$1000 to loan at low rates. Give us a call and be convinced.
P. C. MACGREGOR & CO.
Office, No. 2 View St., Opposite Driford.

Wanted Purchasers for Several Bargains

We have for sale in RESIDENCES and BUILDING LOTS, which we offer on EASY TERMS.
\$150,000 TO LOAN on mortgage at lowest rates of interest.
A share of your Fire Insurance is solicited for the old reliable Phoenix of Hartford, for which we are the general agents.
Call and see us before purchasing elsewhere. We can save you money.
P. C. MACGREGOR & CO.
Manager, Vict. Real Est. & Inv. Co. Ltd.
Corner Office of the Macgregor Block, Opposite Driford Hotel.

Lee & Fraser,

Real Estate, Fire and Life Insurance Agents.

BARGAIN NO. 1. 1/2 lot, 11 acres, situated on the corner of 11th and 12th streets, with a small house, \$2,500.
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Fire Insurance

Agents for THE SCOTTISH UNION & NATIONAL INSURANCE CO., THE ATLANTIC ASSURANCE CO.

Houses and Lots For Sale

In all parts of the city, and farms and farming lands for sale in the country.

A. W. MORE & CO., LD.,

86 Government St., Next Bank of Montreal.

B. H. Hurst & Co.

Real Estate and Mining Brokers.

\$630 will buy 1 lot, stable and barn, North Fort St.

\$75 down and mortgage of \$475 will buy 1 lot on Parry St.

\$590 down and small monthly payment will buy 2 story 10 roomed house and lot, 20x100.

\$2,400 will buy 7 roomed house and lot on Fort St.

Cheap lots on Esquimalt road, Fernwood road, Oak Bay, fronting sea.

\$700 will buy 2 corner lots on Oak Bay Ave., near Cadboro Bay road; \$40 cash, balance mortgage.

To let, on Esquimalt road, fine 8 roomed house, facing harbor, \$30.

35 FORT STREET.

J. & J. Taylor's FIRE PROOF SAFES

And Vault Doors.

J. BARNESLEY & CO., Agents,

116 Government St. Guns and Ammunition

VICTORIA JUNK AGENCY

Highest prices paid for old copper, brass, zinc, lead, iron, rubber, rope, canvas, sacks, etc. Blacksmiths and Plumbers' scraps a specialty. Parties waited upon at shop or residence.

H. Aronson, Agent,

20 STORE ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

Cairn's

Home-Made Marmalade

In 1 and 2lb. Stone Jars.

In 1, 4 and 7lb. Tins.

Hudson's Bay Co's Agents.

UNEQUALLED FOR BREAKFAST

TRADE MARK

B&K

REGISTERED

ROLLED OATS

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

BED ROCK PRICES

UNDERWEAR

TO CLEAR.

HASTIE'S FAIR.

77 GOVERNMENT STREET.

H. A. MUNN

Successor to MUNN, HOLLAND & CO.,

FINANCIAL, FIRE INSURANCE AND GENERAL AGENT.

COR. BROAD AND TROUBLE STREETS.

TO LET—Large and well lighted rooms in the new building, 111 Government street, suitable for offices and sample rooms. Apply to John Barnesley & Co.

WANTED—A small pleasure boat. Address, stating price, to "Boat," Times Office.

HOUE'S STRAIGHT CUT CIGARETTES

MANUFACTURED BY

B. HOUE & CO., QUEBEC

Are Better Than the Best.

McKinley's Inauguration

President of United States Enters Upon His Second Term of Office.

Changes During Past Four Years—A Surplus Instead of a Deficit.

Labor Is Well Employed and American Products Find Good Markets.

(Associated Press.)

Washington, March 4.—Wm. McKinley, of Ohio, was inducted into the presidential office, being the eighth in the line of presidents of the United States thus honored. Simultaneously, Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, became vice-president of the United States.

The ceremony that marked this second assumption by President McKinley of the cares of state was most impressive and full of suggestion of the development of the Republic during the past four years. On the whole the weather redeemed the pledge of the weather bureau that the day would be a glorious one.

Every presidential inauguration in recent years has had its parade, always creditable in size and variety, and usually having some distinctive feature. That which followed President McKinley's today on his return from the capital to the White House, and passed in review before him, was different from its predecessors in the majestic

Predominance of the Military Features. The civil contingent was quite up to the average point of number, yet by actual count made by the marshals, the men in soldierly uniform outnumbered the civilians in line by more than three to one. The nations of the world, great and small, paid their tribute to the President in attendance at the ceremonies at the capital and in reviewing the great parade. The American navy was represented in the ceremonies more numerous than ever before. Half a dozen warships more than have assembled in the Potomac since the days of the civil war contributed, through their soldiers and marines, one of the most unique and enjoyable features of the ceremony, marching over a thousand strong along the streets.

The states of the union rendered their tribute to the President and demonstrated that no party feeling dominated today's great event by the attendance of sixteen governors representing North, South East and West, most of them accompanied by numerous staffs. Though worn and weary, the legislative branch of the national government faithfully executed its part in the day's ceremonies.

The crowds began to gather on the streets early. Soon after 2 o'clock the big stands along the line of march began to fill up. Along the court of honor and in its immediate vicinity the reviewing stands were carried clear across the side streets. Further down town everything from soap-boxes to teamsters' wagons were brought into requisition, and standing room and seats were auctioned off at good rates.

A few minutes before 12 o'clock the President and members of the cabinet entered the Senate chamber.

The President's Speech. President McKinley spoke in part as follows: My Fellow Citizens:—When we assembled here on the 4th of March 1897, there was great anxiety with regard to our currency and credit. None exists now. Then our treasury receipts were inadequate to meet the current obligations of the government. Now they are sufficient for all public needs, and we have a surplus instead of a deficit. Then I felt constrained to convene the congress in extraordinary session to devise revenues to pay ordinary expenses of the government. Now I have the satisfaction of knowing that the congress just closed has reduced taxation in the sum of forty-one millions of dollars. Then

there was deep solicitude because of the long depression in our manufacturing, mining, agricultural and mercantile industries and the consequent distress of our laboring population. Now every avenue of production is

Crowded With Activity, labor is well employed, and American products find good markets at home and abroad. Our diversified productions, however, are increasing in such unprecedented volume as to admonish us of the necessity of still further enlarging our foreign markets by broader commercial relations. For this purpose reciprocal trade arrangements with other nations should, in a liberal spirit, be carefully cultivated and promoted.

Four years ago we stood on the brink of war without the people knowing it, and without any preparation or effort at preparation for the impending peril. I did all that in honor could be done to avoid the war, but without avail. It became inevitable, and we were forced to fight a session, without division, provided money in anticipation of the crisis and in preparation to meet it. The result was signally

Favorable to American Arms, and in the highest degree honorable to the government. It imposed upon us obligations from which it would be dishonorable to seek to escape. We are now at peace with the world, and it is my fervent prayer that if differences arise between us and other powers they may be settled by peaceful arrangement, and that hereafter we may be spared the horrors of war.

Entrusted by the people for a second time with the office of President, I enter upon its administration appreciating the great responsibilities which attach to renewed power and commission, promising unreserved devotion on my part to their faithful discharge, and reverently invoking for my guidance the direction and the favor of Almighty God.

There are obstructionists who despair and who would destroy confidence in the ability of our people to solve wisely and for civilization the

Mighty Problem Resting Upon Them. The American people, entrenched in freedom at home, take their love for it with them wherever they go, and they reject as mistaken and unworthy the doctrine that we lose our own liberties by securing the enduring foundations of liberty to others. Our institutions will not deteriorate by extension, and our sense of justice will not abate under tropic suns in distant seas.

As heretofore, so hereafter, will the nation demonstrate its fitness to administer its own affairs, and to administer upon it, and in the fear of God will "take occasion by the hand and make the bounds of freedom wider yet."

Surely after 125 years of achievement for mankind we will not now surrender our equality with other powers on matters fundamental and essential to nationality. With no such purpose was the nation created; in no such spirit has it developed its

Full and Independent Sovereignty. We will adhere to the principle of equality among ourselves, and by no act of ours will we assign to ourselves a subordinate rank of the family of nations. My Fellow Citizens:—The public events of the past four years have gone into history. They are too near to justify recital. Some of them were unforeseen; many of them momentous and far reaching in their consequences to ourselves and our relations with the rest of the world.

The part which the United States bore so honorably in the thrilling scenes in China, while new to American life, has been in harmony with its true spirit and best traditions, and in dealing with the results its policy will be that of moderation and fairness.

We met at this moment a most important question—that of the future relations of the United States and Cuba. With our new neighbors we must remain close friends. The declaration of the purposes of this government in the resolution of April 20th, 1898, must be made good. Ever since the evacuation of the island by the army of Spain the executive, with all practicable speed, has been assisting its people in the successive steps necessary to the establishment of a free and independent government prepared to assume and perform the obligations of international law which now rest upon the United States under the treaty of Paris. The convention elected by the people to frame a constitution is approaching the completion of its labors.

The transfer of American control to the new government is of such great importance, involving an obligation resulting from our intervention and the treaty of peace, that I am glad to be advised by the recent act of congress of the policy which the legislative branch of the government deems essential to the

Best Interests of Cuba and the United States. The peace which we are pledged to leave



Campbell's Prescription Store

We keep the largest stock of Drugs and Toilet Articles in the province. Prescriptions promptly and carefully executed.

Kitchener Reticent

War Office Officials Receive Little Information Regarding the African Situation.

Victory Over the Boer Units Will Lighten Task of the British.

London, March 2.—The South African war has again reached a stage which the British newspapers call the eve of the termination. That those who are most responsible for carrying on the war do not share this opinion, is perfectly evident from Mr. Broderick's official utterances and the conviction of his colleagues, including Lord Roberts. Their carefully prepared campaign, which has been quietly maturing during the past six months, is beginning to have its first results, and they are perfectly satisfied. The new concentration of their hopes referred to by the correspondents at the front, is only one of the many steps for which Gen. Kitchener has so long been preparing. That it will lead to the complete disintegration of the more important Boer units and possibly to the personal surrender of Generals Botha and Dewet, the British war office earnestly hopes.

General Kitchener is almost as reticent towards his chiefs in Pall Mall as to the general public. When he has taken Gen. Botha into his camp, the war office expects to hear of it, but not before. As an official said to a reporter of the Associated Press, grimly, "armistices are not in Kitchener's line."

The meeting of Gen. Kitchener and Sir Alfred Milner at Pretoria, probably occurring on Sunday, is generally taken as likely to result in the establishment of a more permanent form of civil government, in which the severity of martial law will be somewhat tempered in several sections of the country, but neither in London nor in South Africa are the British officials shutting their eyes to the fact that they have a long job ahead of them, which can only be lightened, and by no means solved, through the victories over the Boer units.

The glory which the British press some time ago showered on Gen. Dewet and his followers is now belittled as a disappointed raid, deserted by his own men and venting his fruitless anger by attacking his reluctant handful of followers.

Calmer observers, especially officers who have returned from the front, are inclined to fear the elusive Boer leader is merely under a temporary cloud, from which he may be expected at any moment to emerge, accompanied by a force which, though not formidable in numbers, would be particularly formidable in execution.

The false announcement of General Botha's surrender on Thursday will be a matter of discussion in the House of Commons, especially the fact which accompanied the assertion, that it was official. This latest "fake" has given rise to many editorials commenting upon the deterioration and unreliability of sections of the British press, comparing the latest example with the notorious Pekin massacre plots.

Recruits For B.P.

Winnipeg, March 2.—There were busy scenes at the C. P. R. depot here this afternoon, when the Manitoba and Western recruits for Baden-Powell's South African police left by special train for Ottawa. There were on the train from the West, 246 recruits, from the following points: Sixty-one from Chicago, 20 from Prince Albert, 20 from Macleod, 17 from Placer Creek, 8 from Lethbridge, 40 from Regina, 30 from Moosehorn, and 41 from Fort St. James. These were joined here by 129 who had enlisted in Winnipeg, bringing the number up to 385.

Claims of Germany.

Berlin, March 2.—Before the budget committee of the Reichstag, Baron von Bichthofen, secretary of the foreign office, announced that a decree would be issued to-day prohibiting imports from Cape Town, owing to the existence of the plague there.

Many claims of German employees of the Transvaal railroad, who had been expelled from the country, were admitted to Great Britain, who had declared himself to be ready, in principle, to compensate them for losses. A special German delegate will be a member of the committee appointed to determine these and similar losses.

Axes For Troops.

London, March 2.—The war office has made a contract with an American merchant to supply 3,000 felling axes for the British troops in Africa. English firms being unable to make a sufficiently prompt delivery.

COLOMBIAN REVOLUTION.

Rebel Activity Is Increasing Throughout the Country.

Kingston, Jam., March 2.—Further reports concerning the revolution of Colombia received here, by the steamer Bonifacio from Colon, are to the effect that rebel activity throughout that country, and especially around Colon, is increasing. Stagnation of business has resulted, and the rate of exchange is nearly twelve hundred. The government is hampered on all sides, and the rebel chances of success are increasing.

United Steel Corporation

Details of the Gigantic Iron and Steel Combine Have Been Completed.

Capitalization Will Be \$1,154,000,000—Circular From Morgan & Co.

New York, March 2.—J. P. Morgan & Company have addressed a circular to the stockholders of the Federal Steel Company, National Steel Company, National Tube Company, American Steel & Wire Company, American Tinplate Company, Steel Ingot Company and American Steel Sheet Company, which, together with the Carnegie Company, are to be merged into the United Steel Corporation.

It recites the previously known terms of exchange of securities of the constituent companies and is supplemented by an address from the board of directors of the various companies, urging acceptance of the terms offered on the score of decreased expenses and larger net earnings, without advances in price of manufactured products. In order to carry out the provisions of the consolidation, the capitalization of the United Steel Corporation will be \$1,154,000,000. Of this amount \$425,000,000 is seven per cent. cumulative preferred stock, an equal amount of common stock and \$304,000,000 of five per cent. of the stock of the Carnegie company.

An underwriting syndicate of \$200,000,000 has been formed to finance the plans. J. P. Morgan & Company will manage the syndicate, and exchange bonds and stocks of the new corporation for those of the constituent companies, and \$25,000,000 in cash. The syndicate is to retail all stocks not required for the acquisition of combining companies. Negotiable receipts will be issued for the deposits of stock at the depositories designated.

The right is reserved to withdraw the terms of exchange to any company unless two-thirds of its capital stock is deposited, or to withdraw their offer in respect to all companies considered advisable. Preferred stock dividends of the various companies are adjusted up to April 1st, but common stocks deposited must have dividends or rights to dividends declared or payable to March 1st. No adjustment is made otherwise. A clause in the charter of the United Steel Corporation restricts the payment of dividends on the common stock out of the net earnings or surplus until the year's quarterly dividends have been paid on the preferred stock. Dividends accrue on the latter on April 1st.

According to statements by officials of the various companies, entering the combination their aggregate net earnings for 1900 were sufficient to pay dividends on the common and preferred stocks of the United Steel Corporation, besides allowances for sinking funds and other expenses. The capitalization of the company may be reduced if the entire capital of each of the subordinate companies is not acquired.

J. P. Morgan & Company announce that they receded no compensation whatever for their services in perfecting the deal, other than the profits to be realized from the operation of the underwriting syndicate. Deposits of stock under the agreement are called for up to March 20th, without penalty.

Second Vice-President R. J. H. Ord, of the General Electric Company, who has tendered his resignation, probably will accept an important position in the great combine. Mr. Ord is said to be the personal choice of Mr. Morgan, whose interests he is said to have represented in the General Electric Company.

IMPERSONATED A MAN.

Remarkable Story Told by Prisoner in a London Police Court.

London, March 2.—A remarkable story of male impersonation, recalling the Murray Hill case in New York, was revealed in a police court here to-day in connection with the arrest for alleged money frauds. The prisoner, named Catharine Coombes, aged 46, dressed as a male deceiver, appeared in dock in male attire. For forty years she impersonated a man, and worked on board the Peninsular & Oriental vessels in various capacities, and also for London firms. She says she was married at 15, taught school, and then thought there were better chances of advancement as a man. Eventually she married a lady's maid with whom she lived fourteen years.

"POWERFUL" LAMPTON.

Has Been Appointed to Command the Royal Yacht.

London, March 2.—The appointment of Capt. Hedworth Lampton, the former commander of the British first-class cruiser Powerful, whose bluejackets rendered good service at the siege of Ladysmith, and who was defeated at the polls in his contest for the representation of Newcastle in 1900, to command the royal yacht, now definitely though unofficially announced, restores to favor a war hero who offended many high personages by his vigorous anti-government speeches at the time of the last election. It may be inferred that Capt. Lampton has now decided to leave politics alone. Indeed, it was an open secret that he tired of the political field long before the polls recorded his sweeping defeat.

CIVIL SERVICE ESTIMATES.

London, March 2.—The estimates for the civil service for 1901 and 1902 were submitted to-day. They total £40,000,000, an increase of £1,507,000.

The holder of Jacob Lindwood's saw mill at Gallopola, Ohio, burst on Saturday, wrecking the mill, instantly killing four men and perhaps fatally injuring several others.

E. W. Brown

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

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DUEL MAY FOLLOW.

M. Deroulede's Charges Against the French Royalists.

Paris, March 2.—The speech of M. Deroulede at San Sebastian, accusing the Royalists of betraying his attempted coup on the occasion of the funeral of the late President Faure in 1899, has aroused the keenest interest, which is heightened by the emphatic denial of M. Andre Buffet, the agent of the Duke of Orleans. The affair took a still more interesting turn, as M. Deroulede's political intimate, M. Gall, received a telegram from him maintaining all he had said at San Sebastian. He reiterates that, someone came to him during the night of February 22nd, 1899, and asked him what he would do if the Duke of Orleans appeared among his friends. M. Deroulede replied that he would arrest him with his own hands. On the following day all the latter's concerted preparations were overthrown. "I know," continues M. Deroulede, "that the Royalists were informed of my uncompromising Republicanism and wrecked my attempt." He concludes with the charging M. Gall and another intimate friend, M. Dumontiel, to see Buffet and arrange a duel. M. Buffet, since his condemnation by the High Court, has been living in Brussels. M. Gall and Dumontiel will proceed there to-morrow. If the duel can be arranged, which is thought liable, it will take place in Switzerland or Italy.

DR. DAWSON DEAD.

The Director of the Geological Survey Passed Away Suddenly on Saturday—Death Resulted From Bronchitis.

Ottawa, March 2.—Dr. G. M. Dawson, director of the geological survey, died suddenly to-night. He was at his office as recently as Thursday, when he caught cold, and death resulted from bronchitis.

Sketch of His Career.

George Mercer Dawson was the eldest surviving son of Sir J. M. Dawson, and was born in Pictou, N. S., August 1st, 1859. He received his early education in Montreal, where he studied in McGill University as a partial student. In 1880 he entered the Royal School of Mines, London, taking his full course of study, extending over three years, and passed as an associate, being first in his class, and taking the Edward Forbes medal and prize in paleontology and natural history. He had previously taken the Duke of Cornwall's scholarship in his second year, returning to Canada, where he was engaged for a year in mining surveys in Nova Scotia, and in lecturing in McGill College, Quebec.

In 1875 he was appointed geologist and botanist to H. M.'s North American commission, engaged in fitting the boundary line from the Lake of the Woods to the Rocky mountains. In this capacity he served two years, and prepared an elaborate report, with plates and maps, on the geology and resources of the country in the vicinity of the 49th parallel, in the laboratories of the Geological Survey. His report on the geology of the country was published in 1880. He also prepared a report on the igneous tertiary formation, a memoir on the superficial deposits of the great interior plains of America, and papers on the latest visitation, on the fresh-water swamps of Canada, and on the fluctuations of the great American lakes.

On the termination of his labors on the boundary survey, he was appointed, July, 1875, to the staff of the geological survey of the Dominion. He became assistant director in July, 1885, and director and deputy head of the department on January 1st, 1895. While attending the School of Mines, he devoted special attention to geology and paleontology, under the tuition of Ramsay, Huxley and Etheridge; and to chemistry and metallurgy in the laboratories of Frankland and Percy. His work on the geological survey has been chiefly in the British Columbia and the Northwest Territories, and in the discharge of his official duty he has explored a large portion of the Western territory, including a long journey of 1,300 miles, with one portage of 50 miles, from the basin of the Laird river to that of the Yukon.

One of the most important of his public services was in connection with the Behring Sea arbitration. As one of the British commissioners, he spent the summer of 1892 in the Behring Sea region, for the purpose of inquiring into the conditions and facts of seal life. The report of the commissioners constituted the case of Her Majesty's government on this branch of the subject, and was of great service for his services on this occasion he received the thanks of the Governor-General-in-Council, and the C. M. G. from Her Majesty. In addition to his official reports, he was the author of a large number of notes and papers on geological, geographical and ethnological subjects, of which a list is given in the "Bibliography of the Royal Society in Canada." He received the degree of LL.D. from Queen's University, 1890, and from McGill University, 1891. In the same year he was awarded the Bigsby gold medal by the London Geological Society for his services to the science of geology, and he was elected a fellow of the Royal Society. In 1893 he was elected a corresponding member of the Zoological Society of London; in 1895 a fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science; in 1896 he was appointed by the council of the British Association president of the geological section for the Toronto meeting of the association; and in 1897 he was awarded the yearly gold medal of the Royal Geographical Society for his work as a whole.

He was commissioner for Canada at the Paris Exhibition, 1900.

LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL.

London, March 2.—The elections for members of the London County Council resulted as follows: Progressives, 82; Moderates, 27; Independent, 1; uncounted, 8, including the city's four members. The old council contained 71 Progressives and 42 Moderates. Among the candidates, elected are the Progressives, Commoner John Burns (labor representative), and Lord Manners, and the Moderates, Lord Carrington, Colonel C. Probyn and Commoner W. Peel (Unionist).

Elsewhere in this paper will be found the entire new programme at the Searchlight. Don't miss it. Open daily for ladies, children and gentlemen. 62 Fort Street.

THE ADVENT OF SPRING

Long dreary days of winter are passing away and nature causes the sun to cast its warm rays on your backs. You discard heavy garments and your first consideration is

Spring Clothing

An idea flashes through your mind—FIT-RE-REFORM. Thousands having tried it now coo for it their life long friend—WHY NOT? Others have shown a goodly balance in their favor by purchasing FIT REFORM, thus effecting a large saving as against the CUSTOM TAILOR. Give it a trial and you'll join the ranks of FIT-REFORM patrons.

Never before have Victorians had an opportunity to purchase in this city such high-class fashionable garments as are being shown this season at

Fit-Reform Wardrobe,

73 Government St. VICTORIA.

SHOT HIS SWEETHEART.

Kansas City, Mo., March 2.—Ruth Noll, 18 years old, was shot and killed, on the street this afternoon, by Bud Taylor, 25 years old, a baseball player, formerly her sweetheart, with whom she had quarrelled.

The girl and her sister were walking in a crowded business district of the city. Taylor, sitting in a window in the second story of a lodging house opposite, fired three shots from a repeating rifle. Two shots struck her, one passing entirely through the chest, and the other entering just below the heart, and lodging near the fifth rib at the back. She died in less than an hour. Miss Noll lay bleeding on the sidewalk for ten minutes, a great crowd gathering meanwhile.

The police arrested Taylor in the lodging house, and had difficulty in getting him through the mob, many clamoring for the murderer.

Miss Noll and Taylor had been engaged to be married, but disagreed a month ago, and the girl forbade Taylor to come to her home. She was in the habit of passing through every day. Taylor did not know when the girl was opposite the window, but waited until they had gone past fifty feet, making sure of not injuring the sister.

There are now slightly known cases of smallpox in Ontario, six of which are at Saint Ste. Marie, four at Hatchers, two at Goulas Bay, one at Michipicoten, seven at Massey, two at Wahnapitoc, one at Indian River, seventeen at Sudbury, four at Chalmersford, three at St. Obe, one at Copper Mine, and one at Copper Cliff.

An almost unexampled case of official blundering is reported from Liverpool. It appears that the British war office was under the impression that the Liverpool volunteers were still in South Africa, and kept a new special service corps on waiting orders until it could be ascertained whether the Liverpool volunteers required strengthening. The Liverpool volunteers returned to Liverpool four months ago.

Foul play is feared to be the cause of the disappearance of millionaire William H. L. Lent, head of the tailoring goods importing house of William H. Lent & Company, New York. He disappeared half an hour after midnight on Thursday morning last, wearing diamonds worth \$2,500 and \$100 in cash on his person.

The largest portion of last week's German Reichstag sitting was taken up by a debate on duelling. The centrist orators were especially forcible in their arguments. They did not even hesitate to attack the Emperor for encouraging duelling by regularly pardoning duellists after a short and mild confinement.

A circular of inquiry issued by a Berlin newspaper called the Abbeismarkt, shows that there are over 80,000 metal workers in the Rhinefeld, who are without employment or working on half time.

According to a dispatch from New Chungang, 3,000 Russians engaged 1,000 mounted bandits recently. The Russians retired on Mukden. They lost one gun and twenty killed and thirty wounded. The silk ribbon weavers at the Frank & Dugan mills, at Paterson, N. J., have decided to go out on strike. They demand the return from day wages to the manufacturing cost of 1899. The firm offered an increase of \$2 a week to each weaver. This was refused.

Three fatal accidents occurred at the collieries of the Lehigh Valley Coal Co., Hazleton, Pa., on Saturday. Andrew Stefank, aged 23 years, was pierced through the stomach with a nine needle and killed at No. 3; John Bong, aged 31 years, was crushed to death through a fall of coal; and Andrew Polson, aged 44 years, was struck and instantly killed by a runaway car at the Hazel mine.

The special committee from the Winnipeg board of trade was again in conference with the Manitoba cabinet ministers on Saturday on the railway duty. The committee is busily engaged in considering the information submitted by the government as to the paying power of the Northern Pacific system.

Col. Denison, president of the British Empire League, received a letter from Sir John P. Macdonald, suggesting state duties which he considered. "Our aim is to move all monopolistic tax on free intercourse, all unnecessary tolls on that marvellous gift of science. To that end we must be resolute, strive to press upon representatives of the people of Canada, Australia and the Mother Country, the urgent need to nationalize the cable system of this great Empire."

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

- BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR**
BRICKLAYING, Cement and Tile Work, Jobbing, Plastering and Repairs a specialty. Kengas and Grates set. H. Hols, 175 Fort Street.
- THOMAS CATERALL**—16 Broad Street, Alterations, office fittings, repairs repaired, etc. Telephone 371 B.
- DRESSMAKING.**
DRESSMAKING—Mrs. Russell has resumed business at corner Fort and Vancouver streets. Orders promptly executed at moderate prices. Evening work a specialty.
- ENGINEERS, FOUNDERS, ETC.**
MARINE IRON WORKS—Andrew Gray, Engineers, Founders, Boiler Makers, Lambrook Street, near Store Street. Works telephone 681, residence telephone 100.
- ENGRAVERS.**
HAT-TONES—Equal to any made anywhere. Why send to cities out of the Province when you can get your Engravings in the Province? We guarantee prices satisfactory. The B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 25 Broad Street, Victoria. Maps, plans, etc.
- BUSINESS MEN** who use printers' ink need Engravings. Nothing so effective as illustrations. Everything wanted in this line made by the B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 25 Broad Street, Victoria. Maps, plans, etc.
- ZINC ETCHINGS**—All kinds of engravings on zinc, for printers, made by the B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 25 Broad Street, Victoria. Maps, plans, etc.
- B. C. PHOTO-ENGRAVING CO.**, 25 Broad Street, upstairs. Half-tone and Zinc Etchings.
- EDUCATIONAL.**
EDUCATIONAL—Miss C. G. Fox has reopened her school at 39 Mason Street.
- MISS FOX** has resumed music teaching. Address 39 Mason Street.
- SHORTHAND SCHOOL**, 15 Broad Street, Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping taught.
- HAIRDRESSERS.**
MR. AND MRS. O. KOSCHE, ladies' hairdressing, in any style; theatrical and masculine side wig to let. 55 Douglas Street.
- HOTELS.**
OCCIDENTAL HOTEL, corner Wharf and Johnson streets. Clean, comfortable. Rates, \$1.00 to \$1.50 per day; special weekly rates. Basse Ale on draught.
- LAUNDRIES.**
VICTORIA STEAM LAUNDRY—Charges moderate; white linen only. 182 Yates Street. Telephone 172.
- PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS.**
A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Plumbers, Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; ship chandlery work. Charles W. Wilson, 124 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 124.
- JOHN COLBERT**, 4 Broad Street, plumber, gas, steam and hot water fitter, ship's plumbing, etc. Tel. 562. P. O. Box 544.
- PORTRAITS.**
WHY ORDER YOUR ENLARGED PORTRAITS from traveling artists when you can get better work from the local artist, and where you can see the work being finished? If you wish to have your portraits enlarged, and you are not sure of losing your photos or of being disappointed in the result, call and examine specimens of work. Charles W. Wilson, 124 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 124.
- SHOE REPAIRING.**
OLD COUNTRY BOOT STORE, 91 Johnson Street. Specializing in shoes to repair work; only best material used.
- SCAVENGERS.**
JULIUS WEST, General Scavenger, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned; contrivances made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Peel & Co., Fort Street, processed. John Dougherty's old home, 124 Broad Street, will be promptly attended to. Telephone 180.
- WANTS.**
WANTED—To rent, House of 5 or 6 apartments. James Bay preferred. State terms to M. L. Times Office.
- WANTED—A ward maid. Apply immediately to Matron, Jubilee Hospital.
- WANTED—A general servant; no washing. Apply to Mrs. Andrew Gray, Catherine Street, Victoria West.
- BOOKS AUDITED or kept by experienced accountant. Apply P. O. Box 432.
- FOR SALE.**
FOR SALE—Pool table, in good condition; 6 pockets; Brunswick-Balke Co. makers; 1 set of balls, 6 cues and made for winning table. Apply at the Pacific Club to the Secretary or Steward.
- FOR SALE—A cottage and lot on Belleville Street, near Parliament Buildings, price \$2,000. Apply to Helander & Co., 75 Government Street.
- 2 STORY HOUSE and corner lot, Chambers St.
- 2 STORY HOUSE and 2 lots, Henry St.
- 2 STORY HOUSE and lot Church Hill.
- MODERN 2 STORY HOUSE, Fernwood road.
- COTTAGE and corner lot, King's road.
- CHOICE ACRES LOT, Esquimalt road.
- SEVERAL LOTS on Oak and Belcher Sts. HILSTMAN & CO., 75 Government St.
- FOR SALE—"Oak Farm," Lake District, 6 miles from Victoria, on West Saanich road, comprising 51 acres, nearly all cultivated, and good buildings. For further particulars apply to John Black, on premises.
- TO LET.**
To Let—Furnished rooms. Apply 120 Vancouver Street.
- To Let—Two light housekeeping rooms, with every convenience. 91 Blanchard Street.
- FOR RENT—First class rooms, with use of fire-proof vaults, to rent in Old Post Building, Government Street. Apply Public Works Office, New Post Office.
- To Let—4 and 5 roomed cottages, furnished or unfurnished, from \$1.50 to \$5.00 and \$8.00. Apply A. W. More & Co., Ltd., Government Street, or A. Williams, 104 Yates Street.
- BOARD AND ROOMS.**
ROOM AND BOARD \$20 a month; furnished room, \$1, \$1.50 and \$2.00; at Osborne House, 1140 Fort Street. For particulars, Mrs. P. M. H. Smith, proprietress.
- SOCIETIES.**
VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, meets first Thursday in every month at Masonic Temple, Douglas Street, at 7:30 p. m.
- B. S. ODDY, Secretary.

Extradition Proceedings

In Connection With Frank Case, Now Being Conducted in Portland.

Authority of Joseph Martin For Instituting Them Questioned By Defendant's Counsel.

On Friday morning in the United States Circuit court at Portland, attorneys argued pro and con regarding the authority presented by Jos. Martin to warrant him in bringing extradition proceedings against Eli Frank, charged with misappropriation of money from Messrs. Lenz & Leiser.

According to Portland information the authority offered by Mr. Martin is contained in a letter from the Deputy Attorney General of the province of British Columbia, and gives him the authority to institute the proceedings.

D. J. Maloney opened the argument for the defence on the demurrer to the complaint, in which it was held that the authority presented by Jos. Martin was not authority to institute the proceedings against Eli Frank, charged with misappropriation of money from Messrs. Lenz & Leiser. The question raised at this time, said Mr. Maloney, "is that it does not appear on the face of the complaint that the plaintiff has been authorized by the British government to institute the proceedings under the treaty between the United States and Great Britain in which it was agreed to give up all persons charged with crime, and it was provided that judges should have the power to issue warrants. The treaty also provides that the expense of apprehension and delivery of the person shall be borne by the party who makes the requisition. If this examination should be proceeded with and later a bill of expense handed to the British or Canadian government they might repudiate it and say they never authorized the arrest of this man."

"The prosecution claims to have authority from the province of British Columbia. What is it? It is simply a letter from the Deputy Attorney General, and there may be a hundred deputies. To give a parallel instance, what if I should go to the Deputy Attorney General of the United States and ask for authority to have a man arrested in British Columbia. If I should appear there they would laugh me out of court. Moreover, the letter does not name the United States of America, and there is nothing to show that it represents the authority of Canada."

"As it does not name any particular country, the letter might be a roving commission to this man to go all over the world and arrest Eli Frank. We submit that the Canadian government should have Consul Laidlaw here to tell you if this proceeding is lawful and authorized."

"Again, your honor, this letter smacks largely of a civil action. Then this letter, as I take it, does not mean that Martin could come to this country, but simply that he was at liberty to institute an action in British Columbia. We urge this time that the matter be dismissed and Mr. Frank be allowed to go."

The attorney held that in a number of cases, it has been decided that it was not important as to the authority for bringing such action, and that it was which he claimed upheld his theory, that private persons could make complaints, the examination before the court being more a matter of substance than form.

"If that is held," interjected Judge Bellinger, "I should consider it a remarkable showing that any private person might make a complaint and have a man extradited."

"Under the law," continued the attorney, "the province of British Columbia is compelled to take up such cases. One judge has held that the court must act solely upon the criminality, but I do not take this view, and believe some authority ought to be shown. We are able to do that. Counsel for the defendant asked why British Consul Laidlaw was not here. Because he could not be called upon to act in such a case. I further claim there is no ground for a demurrer in such proceedings."

John Garin, who made the closing address for the defence, attacked many of the statements of the prosecution and declared they were wrong. He cited a case to show that the British consul could be called upon to act for one of the British colonies in matters of this kind.

"There is some reason for their bringing proof of authority as they have done," he declared. "Is it to evade the expense that would be attendant upon the filing of a civil action? I do not say it is, but I think the question is whether they have offered it or not. We have no treaties with private individuals, and your honor must have the authority of the Canadian government."

When the proceedings adjourned several more witnesses were to be examined.

A FIREMAN'S CLOSE CALL.

"I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Bellamy, a locomotive fireman, of Burlington, Iowa. "I was weak and pale, without any appetite and all run down. As I was about to give up, I got a bottle of Electric Bitters and, after taking it, I felt as well as I ever did in my life." Weak, sickly, run down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed by F. W. Parrett & Co. Price 50 cents.

The death of Alfred Dover, the baby of a laborer of 61 Oldlands Rise, Higham Hill, Walthamstow, Eng., was stated at the inquest to be the result of suffocation, caused, it was said, by a cat belonging to the house, which was in the habit of sleeping on the bed and which was "proving about" there when the child was found dead.

A police constable named George Winch, of Westbourne street, Milton, was much troubled by the fact that detectives watched his house because one of his lodgers had been connected with a robbery. This he pressed upon Winch's mind that he cut his throat. A coroner's jury found that he was insane at the time.

FOR A WORTHY CAUSE.

Savoy Company Gave a Delightful Programme on Saturday Afternoon—Thursday Night's Benefit.

The performance given by the Savoy company at the Victoria theatre on Saturday afternoon in aid of the sufferers from the Union disaster was enjoyed by a large audience. In fact there were few vacant seats in the entire building, and the children were in evidence in hundreds. That they were immensely delighted was demonstrated by the volume of applause which greeted each performer. The first item on the programme was a farce "A Striking Resemblance," in which Jessie Forrester, Tom Rooney and Alf. James distinguished themselves. Then followed Clara Lewis in a song and dance, after which Marion Blake, the female baritone, rendered a selection for which she received an importunate encore. The Vernon sisters then gave a song and dance, and Dolly Grooms sang in good style the "Ghost of a Con."

The Evans, Dwyers & Evans trio then delighted the audience, and received thunderous applause. Miss Dwyers, winning her hearers by her sweet ways and graceful dancing. Master Evans also danced a sand jig in a manner which would make the minister's knees turn green with envy. Another bit of the afternoon was Gus Leonard, the versatile musician, who was highly appreciated. Agnes Freed, the soprano, sang Gounod's "Ave Maria," and the "Queen of the Earth," in splendid style, her high notes in particular being excellent. Miss Dwyers, who followed with a Homeric song and dance, making a great hit, after which Rooney and Forrester gave "Two Little Alabama Coons" in a way that caused sustained merriment. The wonderful trip of aerobats, the Velares, closed the performance with some marvellous feats. Much favorable comment has been passed on the commendable action of the company in so signally contributing to a worthy cause.

The proceeds from the entertainment amounted to \$106.40, which brings the total amount up to \$610.45. The fund in aid of the sufferers from the Union mine disaster has been increased by \$12.25 as a result of the entertainment given under the auspices of the Victoria School of Arms in Philharmonic hall on Thursday evening. The financial statement shows the receipts to have been \$57.75, and the expenditure \$45.50. Prof. Foster has issued the following card: "I desire to thank the officers and men of H. M. navy, also of the R. C. A., for their very valuable assistance, also to Mr. Goward, for free car service to the men from H. M. ships. It was unfortunate that a very attractive performance was given at the Victoria theatre the same night, otherwise the proceeds from mine would have been much greater. But hope to do something more substantial in aid of the fund at a future time."—ROBT. FOSTER.

QUEEN'S JUBILEE GIFTS.

The late Queen had, of course, an enormous quantity of valuable jewellery, which was her own property, and which she could dispose of as she wished. The value of these personal possessions is estimated at well over \$500,000 pounds, and include the many magnificent gifts made to her on the occasion of her first jubilee. These included gifts not only from every class of her own family and people, but offerings from almost every potentate of Europe and Asia; a beautiful green jade sceptre from the Emperor of China, and a gold casket from the Sultan of Lahore. Her late Majesty's diamond jubilee in 1897, was also responsible for many valuable gifts. One of these was a magnificent diamond and brooch, presented by the Princess of Wales and her children, the Duchess of York and the Duke of Fife. The members of her late Majesty's household on the same occasion presented a bracelet of beautiful workmanship, designed by Princess Henry of Battenberg, consisting of medallions set in diamonds, the medallions engraved with the national emblems and the lotus-flower, representing the Colonies.

The late Queen was not particularly fond of wearing jewellery, and always preferred those gems which had some personal associations for her, especially gift from the Princess Consort or her children. She possessed many magnificent rings, but rarely wore them. The rings which never left her fingers were one composed of the hair of the Prince Consort and another which had been his gift to her on their engagement. On state occasions, Queen Victoria wore a wonderful rivière of huge single-stone diamonds, and a small crown of diamonds in a conventional design was also frequently worn at drawing rooms and state dinners.

For the first time the Leeds staiditary has fired a woman for betting in the streets. Her name is Ellen Storman, and she was charged in company with her brother. The fine in each case was 40s. and costs.

A dog in Nevry ran at a turkey. The turkey, being very much alive, flew away and knocked over an oil lamp in a poultry shop. There was a big blaze at the shop. Much damage was done, and a horse and a number of fowls were burnt.

HAD THE GRIPPE?

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SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Canada.

Sporting News

THE GUN.

A GOOD SCORE.

New York, March 2.—Roll E. Hicks, of Dayton, O., carried off the honors and the medal in the opening round of the Sportsmen Association championship shoot at armistice targets on the range of the Madison Square Garden today by breaking 94 out of 100. The conditions of the match are 100 targets at unknown angles.

THE TIE.

RUNNING OF TWO-YEAR-OLDS.

London, March 2.—The Field, advocating joint action on the part of the English and American turf authorities to decrease the excessive running of two-year-olds, says today: "England is blamed for being so conservative in all she does, but we really seem able to claim for our jockey club that in the matter of two-year-olds it has acted ahead of the Americans. In England a commencement has at least been made by reducing the value of two-year-old stakes. The inter-mixture of American and English race horses, trainers and jockeys becomes each year more pronounced, and what one country does, therefore, because of consequence, the other is bound to follow. Turf legislators in the United States will perceive that the most effective way of palliating the evil is a removal of the temptation."

YACHTING.

TOOK HIM AS HIS WARD.

Glasgow, March 2.—At a dinner party yesterday evening, at which the success of the Shamrock II was toasted, Sir Thomas Lipton and Mr. Geo. Watson replied. The latter mentioned that when Sir Thomas commanded him to build the yacht he said: "Now, Watson, I have not got money to burn, but if you are going to make her go one second faster you can spend on five pound note." Mr. Watson added that he had taken Sir Thomas at his word. They had "Willie" Jameson with them, and, next to Providence, "Willie" Jameson was the best bid they could have. If the boat should not win he did not see that anybody would be much to blame but himself. If it was only a question as to whether the Shamrock II would have much chance, but he had associated with him such talent that with a "wee bit of luck," which was nearly due then now, they hoped to pull through.

CHESS.

STANDING TO DATE.

The following is the standing to date of the players in the Robins tournament: Won. Lost. Percent.
A. Gommason 27 5 84
G. Hunter 19 7 73
J. G. Hands 14 7 69
T. H. Elper 12 7 62
C. C. McKenzie 18 13 58
Capt. Michell 19 14 57
A. F. Gibson 14 10 58
W. Marchant 10 14 41
B. J. Perry 16 15 51.2
B. Meyer 16 16 50
B. Williams 12 14 46
W. J. Sutton 11 14 44
C. A. Lombard 12 16 43.1
C. W. Rhodes 10 16 38
C. A. Innes 11 16 38
T. L. Wilmer 11 16 38
W. H. Hume 7 25 21
T. T. Johnston 7 25 21

The last drawing showing all unfinished games is posted on the notice board of the club. All games must be played by Saturday, March 30th. All games unfinished on that date will be adjudged by the tournament committee.

LEGISLATORS INVITED.

To the Sporting Editor:—Will you kindly insert in the columns of your valuable paper the following resolution, which was carried unanimously at a special meeting of the Victoria Chess Club held on Saturday, the 2nd inst.:

"Resolved, that the courtesies of this club be extended through the local press to the members of the legislature during the present session." Carried unanimously. The rooms of the club are in No. 23 First Street Block, and are open from 3.30 to 6 and from 8 to 11 every day.

Respectfully yours,
C. A. LOMBARD,
Secy. V. C. C.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

RESULTED IN A DRAW.

The match between the intermediate teams—Columbus and Boys' Brigade—was played on Saturday afternoon. The match was a draw, neither side scoring. In the first half the Brigade played with the wind, and consequently had the ball in Columbus territory the greater part of the time. The Columbus boys played on the defensive, and managed to defend their goal successfully. The Brigade made a few rushes but were unable to force the ball between the Columbus goal posts. This went on all through the first half, and the Brigade found it impossible to make a goal.

In the second half the Brigade were now forced to play exclusively on the defensive. In their turn the Columbus tried in vain to force a passage through the Brigade goal. Time after time Wilson brought the ball down the field, followed by his team. On one or two occasions the Columbus attempts looked as if they would be successful, but they were thwarted by the brilliant play of the Brigade half backs, the centre half back in particular. When the whistle blew neither side had succeeded in scoring a point.

VICTORIA DEFEATS NAVY.

The Victoria senior team and H. M. S. Amphion eleven met for the first time Saturday at Beacon Hill. Victoria started down hill with a strong wind in their faces. Sam, and Jim Lorimer worked the ball into the Amphion goal mouth, but Moore and Cole managed to get rid of it. Shortly after this, from a scramble in front of goal, S. Lorimer opened the Victoria's goal account. The visitors had the best of the play for a few moments and the couple of corners. Sullivan and Holton were conspicuous on the Amphion's right, and, coming out in a good shot which was smartly saved by Porter. Victor received the ball from W. Lorimer and after a splendid run down the field centred the ball and the forwards rushed it through. Shortly after S. Lorimer scored another goal for Victoria, leading three goals to nil, and a heavy wind behind them.

On resuming, it was apparent that the

Victoria boys were the better stagers, and it was only on rare occasions the Amphions were able to break away. Morie and Nichols tried hard to score for the Amphion, but Johnson, Goward and Schwenckers were impregnable. Richardson made a pretty run and passed to Simpson, the latter dribbled up the line and centred in a fine style. Sam, Lorimer rushed in and scored number four for Victoria, although Stevens made a clever attempt to save his colors. Victoria had the best of the game until the whistle blew, and on several occasions would have added to the score had not Newton, Gedge and Clarke always managed to clear the ball. Gunner Clarke, of the Royal Artillery, gave good satisfaction as referee.

EXCITING MATCHES.

Beacon Hill presented a very animated scene, last Saturday afternoon. The football enthusiasts of the city were on hand and footballs were flying in all directions. Had it not been for the gale which was blowing, the football player would have undoubtedly spent one of the most enjoyable Saturday afternoons on record. As it was, however, the ball was blown wherever the wind willed. The junior players commenced their game on time, being in no way daunted by the condition of the weather.

The regular match between the Central and North Ward schools took place on the upper ground, while the postponed game between the Victoria West and Boys' Brigade was played on the lower grounds. Both commenced at 2 o'clock sharp, so as to be finished in time to allow the seniors to play. Mr. Tait and H. Shandley respectively acted as referees.

The result of the game between the Central and North Ward schools was somewhat of a surprise to those who had been watching the progress of the Junior League. The North Ward school, which has been one of the first places in the league, was defeated by the Central school team, which was rather behind. From the commencement the game was fast and furious, and had it not been for the wind one of the best games of the season would have been played. The Central boys seem to be gathering strength, and pressed their opponents all through the game. Shortly before half time they managed to score the first point of the game. In the second half the North Ward school boys made great efforts to even the score, but they were destined to disappointment, for with all their efforts they could not break through the defence of the Central school. The whistle blew with no more points being made, leaving the Central boys the winners by one goal.

The match between the Boys' Brigade and the Victoria West resulted in the Victoria West winning by a score of one to nothing. The match was well contested, but the wind prevented a really good game of football being played. In the first half the Boys' Brigade kicked against the wind, and it was in this half that the Victoria West team managed to score the first and only point made. In the second half the play was not conducted on what may be termed an exactly sportsmanlike basis. The Victoria West team took advantage of the wind and sent the ball flying off the field on every occasion, and once or twice one of the boys was noticed to kick the ball over after it was over the line. As was natural, this some what increased the Brigade players. The Brigade made tremendous efforts to reach the Victoria West goal, but their efforts were in vain and again thwarted, and the match ended with the Victoria West team the winners by a goal.

VICTORIA BOYS DEFEATED.

The first game of the intermediate League was played at Nanaimo on Saturday between the Columbus of this city, and the Thistles of the Coast City. It resulted in a victory for the Thistles by a score of 5 to nothing. The Columbus were somewhat handicapped, not having their full team. Columbus, the intermediate played centre forward. In the first half the Nanaimo team had it practically their own way, and about eleven minutes after the commencement of play the first goal was scored. An interval then took place, in which the play was very even, but the Nanaimo men proved too heavy for the Victoria boys, and shortly after three more goals followed in rapid succession.

In the second half the Victoria boys held the Nanaimo team down and only one goal was made. The match ended as mentioned with the Nanaimo team the winners by a score of 5 to nothing. The Columbus expect to be able to put a stronger team on the field when the Nanaimo eleven visits the city, and a great effort will be made to turn the tables on the Thistles.

BASKETBALL.

SEATTLE TEAM'S PROUD RECORD. The Seattle Y. M. C. A. basketball team will play one more match before the conclusion of the season, their opponents to be the Portland aggregation. According to the Seattle Times, during the present season the Seattle boys have played more games than they ever did in any one single season. From Spokane on the east, Portland on the south, and Victoria on the north, they have made a clean sweep. The Canadian city being the only one able to give the boys anything at all like a hard fight.

Portland was the only team feared, and she was easy, to the tune of 30 to 20. Portland's trip to the Sound was, however, on the whole a successful one. She met and defeated Tacoma the day before she played in Seattle, and on Saturday last she defeated Victoria 16 to 15, and on the following Monday repeated the dose to the tune of 12 to 0.

NANAIMO DEFEATS VICTORIA.

A team picked principally from the Columbus football team played the Nanaimo basketball team last Saturday evening, and after a hard struggle the Victoria boys were defeated by a score of 9 to 7.

LAWN TENNIS.

VICTORIA CLUB'S ANNUAL MEETING.


The annual general meeting of the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club will be held on Thursday next at the Driard hotel, commencing at 8.30 p. m. The reports of the secretary and treasurer will be considered and the officers elected for the coming season. The membership list for 1900 was as follows: Ordinary—E. C. Baker, F. S. Barnard, H. H. Barnard, W. H. Burton, W. H. Barton, C. H. Burns, E. T. Cornwall, L. Crease, G. V. Cuppage, F. N. Denison, C. E. Dickson, W. T. Drake, H. T. Drake, R. W. Dunsmuir, J. F. Foulkes, C. W. Gamble, W. F. Gooch, A. T. Goward, G. Goward, J. B. Gower, R. H. Hume, H. H. Hume, H. M. Hume, C. A. Holland, R. A. Holmes, G. S. Holt, P. A. E. Irving, C. Johnston, P. S. Langman, A. G. Langley, W. H. Langley, H. F. Langton, T. H. Laundy, A. P. Luxton, A. F. R. Martin, S. H. Matson, A. W. O'Brien, A. J.

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WILLIAM THE SILENT.

Mr. McKinley has succeeded him-
self in the presidential chair of
the republic whose institutions are
held to be a model to all the
nations of the earth. There are
people who dispute this, of course, but
there were doubtless sceptics be-
fore the days of Thomas, and there are
substantial reasons for believing that a
few of them still exist. We have ac-
tually heard it asserted that if the King
of Great Britain or Emperor William of
Germany were to undertake to exercise
the despotic power possessed by the
president of the United States there
would be an immediate demand for a
reformation, and, failing in that, a revo-
lution would result. But it is mere
waste of time to enter upon a discussion
of these fine points of government. The
majority of our neighbors think their in-
stitutions are the finest upon earth, that
when taken from beneath the folds of
the stars and stripes Freedom hides her
face, that all other nations are despotisms,
and a multitude of other ridiculous
things that will not bear investigation
by any other than an American mind.

William has been seated upon the
throne and has made his inaugural ad-
dress. He is not given to much talking.
He did not attain to his present high
eminence by anything he has said. He is
an apostle of high protection, and the
bill which bore his name and the fiscal
policy which he represents are the cause
of his elevation. His people have dou-
bled during the first part of his reign,
but the prosperity and activity of the
trusts has been without parallel in the
history of that country, which appears
to delight in the number of millionaires
it has reared under glass; that is, by the
hot-house process. The president has
announced that it is his desire to extend
the foreign trade of his country, keep-
ing, of course, the home market invio-
late from the encroachments of foreign-
ers. All that is for the benefit of the
American people. The trusts take de-
light in gulling the nation by pointing to
the fact that they are selling more goods
in foreign markets than they ever did
before. It has temporarily escaped their
attention that they charge the consumers
at home at least one-third—no more
than two-thirds—more than they do the
foreigner for the same goods. They are
enabled to do this because it is the McKin-
ley policy to shut out foreign trade
entirely, and the absence of foreign com-
petition makes the formation of trusts
and combines possible, and once they
are formed there is no domestic compe-
tition. It is fair to assume that there is
a profit on the merchandise sent out of
the country, and if there is, it is it
wonder that the millionaire flourishes
like a green bay tree on the trade that
he does at home? He receives 20 or 30
per cent. on the money he has invested,
and on the water that has been added
to it without stint at the off-recurring
period when the dividends become so
large as to excite comment. Never since
the creation of the world have men been
enabled to tread in paths so abundantly
strewn with roses. Life must be a per-
fect dream to a man who commences life

on a salary of \$2.50 a week, and before
he reaches the age of 40 finds that he
has more wealth at his command than all
the princes and potentates of countries
which have not mastered the science of
economics or of government.

The greater part of the goods which
are being sold at one-third or more off
for cash are being sent to Great Britain.
This is a matter of special pride to
Americans. Already they see John Bull
at the feet of Uncle Sam. What the ulti-
mate result will be it is impossible to
predict. Should John take the good
things laid so freely at his feet at bar-
gain day prices and apply them to the
purpose which will be to the great-
est benefit to his own people,
continuing to hold his own in spite
of the "dead set" that is being made
upon him and his methods of doing
business, what a salutary lesson he will
teach the world. The industrial
war is quite as interesting as con-
tests of a more sanguinary character,
and great will be the triumph of the vic-
tor.

OPEN DOOR FOR RAILWAYS.

The rules of the interior of British
Columbia have been heard and it demands
with a sternness of tone that we think
our legislators will not venture to ignore
that all companies that desire to do so
shall be permitted to build lines of rail-
way in the province. The Associated
Boards of Trade of the interior have en-
dorsed the position of "splendid isolation"
which the Times has maintained
despite the opposition or indifference of
nearly all the newspapers of the coast
and many in the portions of the province
chiefly interested. We regret to say it,
but, whatever the cause, in this case the
press has not voiced public opinion.
There is not a city in the province, or
any section of it, that would not morn-
g its future in order to gain for it
self better railway connection, and yet
in the case which has occupied so much
attention of late it has been assumed by
those who must have a very low opinion
of the astuteness of the public that an
effective blockade could be raised
against a project which when carried out
will develop a fine section of country,
build two or three cities in the course of
a very short time and create a splendid
addition to the markets of our farmers
and merchants and manufacturers, be-
sides adding enormously to the revenues
of the province—revenues which will be
of such material assistance in develop-
ing other sections and keeping in pro-
gress the growing time which has just
begun to gather force.

It may not be inopportune to remind
our coast Boards of Trade and mer-
chants that they have once more let the
impression gain ground that they are in
antagonism to and not in sympathy with
the aspirations of the merchants of the
interior. That this is unfortunate if it
is not necessary for us to point out.
The extent of the market which is being de-
veloped in the midling regions now that
smelters are springing up in all direc-
tions, and the number of shipping mines
is being added to every week, we shall
understand by and by, perhaps when the
Eastern merchants have secured a
grip on the trade that will be difficult
to unfasten. Would it not be well for
the Western Boards of Trade to endorse
the following resolutions passed by the
Associated Boards of Eastern British
Columbia at a meeting held in the town
of Greenwood last week:

"Whereas, several applications have
been made to the Dominion Parliament
and provincial legislature for acts in-
corporating railway companies to build
lines of railway into the province of
British Columbia from the United
States;

"And whereas interested parties are
strenuously endeavoring to create the im-
pression that such railways, if constructed,
would be inimical to the mining and
smelting interests of the province;

"And whereas in furtherance of their
designs the opponents of the competitive
railways have proclaimed that those in-
terested in mining and smelting in
British Columbia are opposed to the
granting of said railway charters;

"Therefore, be it resolved that the As-
sociated Boards of Trade of Eastern
British Columbia, representing every
town in the metalliferous portion of
Eastern British Columbia, and every en-
terprise whose success depends upon the
development of its mineral resources, em-
phatically declare for 'Free Trade in
Railways,' and believe that every bona-
fide railway company, desirous of build-
ing railways in the province, should be
allowed to do so;

"And be it further resolved that the
association is strongly of the opinion that
cheap freight rates are essential to
building up the mining and smelting in-
dustries, and in the absence of govern-
ment owned railways, these can be se-
cured only by competition and the control
of rates through a railway commission
or other effective instrument;

"And be it further resolved that this
association petition the Dominion Par-
liament and provincial legislature for
the charter applied for by the
Crown's West Coast Coal Co., and those
applied for by other companies, who
ask for nothing beyond the privilege of
constructing railways into the province,
and be it further resolved that copies
of this resolution be printed and for-
warded to the members of the Domini-
on and provincial governments, and
the members of the House of Commons,
Senate and provincial legislature."

The mover of these resolutions made a
strong speech urging that neither the
interests of the C. P. R. nor the coal
company should be considered, but that
the welfare of the province should be
the dominant thought. Only five votes
were cast against the resolutions, three
of them being recorded by representa-
tives from Trinity where the C. P. R.
smelter is situated. Thirty-three mem-
bers of the Associated Boards supported
the resolution.

MEDICAL AND OTHER COMBINA- TIONS.

Do the medical men of British Colum-
bia put to an unfair use the power
which they undoubtedly possess under
the statute to create the province into a
preserve for their own benefit? At
the same time, now that the oc-
casion seems propitious for discuss-
ing the general effects of com-
bines, and the doctors slanders above
all other men in forming themselves into
a society for the alleged purpose of
protecting the public rather than the pro-
fession not only here, but in nearly all
the other provinces of the Dominion?
The societies which have raised the
agitation have organized themselves into
a combine to secure more liberal rates
of treatment for their members than the
ordinary scale of fees in vogue in the
medical profession. This the benevolent
associations had a perfect right to do,
while the physicians had an equal right
to refuse to accede to their demands in-
dividually or collectively. But when it
is proposed to take advantage of the
power which the legislature has con-
ferred upon the doctors for the alleged
good of the people to prevent other
medical gentlemen of recognized stand-
ing in the profession coming from other
portions of the Empire and agreeing to
work at the figure offered by the com-
bination of societies aforesaid, then it is
that the tyrannical and unjust pro-
visions of the law are laid bare. We do
not believe the doctors of Victoria
would ever have put the power which
they possess to such base uses, but if
they had the result would have been an
agitation which would have compelled
the legislature to shear them of such
despotic power. After all, however, we
must be fair and admit that many of the
men who are loudest in their criticism
of the action of the doctors belong to
societies which would never consent to
their members taking employment on the
contract system or to their working "be-
low the scale." This is no unwritten
law; it is fully set forth in constitutions
and scales of prices, although there is
no legal machinery to secure its enforce-
ment. Nevertheless the workers are
clamoring for the protection of the law,
and they are getting it with increasing
force with every passing year. Chinese
and Japanese are being excluded, as they
ought to be; and it was only last week
that some laborers—white men too—were
deported to the United States because
they had been brought into the country
to work for wages which those whose
places they had taken would not accept.
Whether for good or evil to the masses
of the people, we are living in a pro-
tectionist age and a protected country.
Our merchants and manufacturers and
farmers have had a tariff wall erected
for their benefit, and this barrier ap-
plies even to the goods of the Mother
Country. Trades unions flourish on
every hand, and when their operations
are guided by leaders of sound com-
mon sense and right principles are ad-
mitted to be beneficial in their influences.
At the present rate of progress the whole
country will soon be as highly "organised"
as the law societies.

For these reasons much of the censure
at present being heaped upon the doctors
seems to be unjust. Is there any record
of the "plucking" of a candidate for ad-
mission into the sacred realm of the
profession? Is there any evidence that the
members have abused the power which
has been conferred upon them, and
which we believe they possess in com-
mon with the profession in every pro-
vince of the Dominion with the possi-
ble exception of the Prince Edward Is-
land? These are the points in which the
public outside of the societies interested
are chiefly concerned.

On February 4th, 1901, the London
Times contained the following: "On
Sunday last a cartel sailed from Dover
for Calais, and returned yesterday after-
noon, not having been permitted to land
at the latter place, but was ordered to
return to England, and told that a visit
from the French army would shortly be
paid to this country." And the delusion
is kept up even to this day. Whenever
a Frenchman desires to create a sensa-
tion he talks of the feasibility of invad-
ing Britain, although his country has
taken a most tremendous drop in im-
portance since the time of Napoleon.

Then she was the chief of the nation's
in population, in renown and in re-
sources; to-day in two respects at least
she is excelled by Russia, Germany and
the United Kingdom, while for the year
1900 her trade has shown a considerable
decline and that of all the others has in-
creased.

It was clearly impossible for the Pre-
mier to attend the opening of the new
Commonwealth Parliament in Australia
owing to the Canadian House being in
session. Canada will be worthily repre-
sented by the Postmaster-General, how-
ever, the man who was instrumental in
materially drawing closer together the
bonds of Empire through the inaugura-
tion of his Imperial penny postage
scheme. May he be able to announce
on his return home that the Australian
fiscal scheme provides for a preference
for Canadian and British goods.

Millions of tons of thick ice have been
housed ready for market along the Hud-
son river. It freezes occasionally in the
United States, although one would hard-
ly think so to hear some Americans
talking about Canada.

Washington state legislature has de-
cided that Olympia shall continue to
be the capital. Thus are Tacoma's in-
sults brought to naught and her hopes
blasted.

LONG CREDIT

HAS BEEN THE RUIN OF THOUSANDS.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Are Sold at
Cash Prices.

Everything of the best, and the best of
everything.

Deaville, Sons & Co.,

THE SUPPLY STORES,
Hillside Avenue and First St.

TEL. 334. VICTORIA.

THE CRUSADE AGAINST KISSING.

Amos.

Endless are the whims of the faddists,
and it is significant that, just at the dawn
of the new century, kissing should be in
for it some more. The assailant this time
is a lady doctor, hailing from New York.
She not only calls the osculatory act a
barbarous custom, but says that no person
should kiss without first using an antiseptic
wash on the mouth to destroy bacteria.
Really, remarks an exchange, it seems as if
the force of the future is in for a rough
time of it. Else we shall have to label our
marriageable daughters, "Kissing safe here,
antiseptic lip saved, regularly." In
default of which, Algonquin will have to
be very the needful about with him, in order
to be prepared for emergencies.

I cannot kiss you, dear, to-day.
Your kissing tips are soiled.
Those farseeing tips, bacteria,
I really can't discard.
I'm sorry, dear, I quite forgot
(Don't call it "antiseptic hush")
To bring along my little pot
Of antiseptic wash.

NO KICK COMING.

Toronto Star.

Down at Ottawa the members of each
political party seem quite willing to have
an increase of the seasonal indemnity
forced upon them by the other side.

KRUGER'S AFTERTHOUGHT.

New York Tribune.

Mr. Kruger now talks in a most pathetic
strain, admitting his errors, or some of
them, and literally pleading for help. But
the chief answer of the world is likely to
be that he should have thought of these
things before he began the war which he
now admits he did begin.

TIERED OF THE HERO BUSINESS.

Belleville Intelligencer.

Col. Price, of Australia, wants the word
"hero" cut out. He says that the returned
South Africa volunteers don't relish it.
They had gone out to do their duty, and
if they had been better men, they would
have done the way all the boys look at
it, and a very sensible way, too.

UNION OF THE CHURCHES.

To the Editor:—You remarked, in a
recent issue, that the union of the Pres-
byterian and Methodist churches had
been advocated by a prominent Cana-
dian divine. You asked, at the same
time, if there was anything in the creed
of either church that would prevent such
union. My excuse for writing to you is
not, that I can't answer your question,
as I do not belong to either of the
churches mentioned, but simply a sin-
cere desire to promote public interest in
the matter.

The unity of Christendom has vexed
the world almost throughout its era. In
every age, by persuasion and force, has
it been attempted, and I thoroughly be-
lieve that even if a compromise could
be effected just now this would unite
all churches that the union would be
as great a failure as the attempted
unions of the past have been. The man
who worships as his father did and as
he deems the most reverent manner is
the right sort of a man and the church
that stands by its creed is in a healthy
state after a like manner. In my opin-
ion, the great mistake advocates of
Christian unity make is their consider-
ing that compromise between all
churches is the only way to unite them.
I do not see any sense in such a propo-
sition. I feel sure that if as much labor
had been performed to unite all Christian
churches as they are to-day as has
been expended in advocating compromise
between them in the past the re-
sult would have been better. It would
not have encouraged bigotry, for one
thing; begging concessions of such a
nature as compromise advocates ask
most undoubtedly does.

Why should difference of opinion, no
matter how strongly we feel about it, in-
terfere with the union of churches? It is
a grand and overwhelmingly powerful
union for the cause we mutually cher-
ish? I am certain that it should not;
the union can be made in spite of it,
and would exist the more actively on
account of it. COVENANTER.

BAD SIDEWALKS.

To the Editor:—I wish to draw the
attention of the mayor and board of
aldermen, especially the aldermen for
the South ward, to the disgraceful side-
walk on the south side of Fort street,
between Blanchard and Quadra. This
sidewalk is a disgrace to the city, stand-
ing as it is one of our principal streets
and almost in the centre of our city.

This sidewalk is resting right on mother
earth, and the planks are all broken.
In one place the water lodges to the
depth of at least one inch, making it im-
possible in the night time to walk over
it without getting your clothes soaking
wet. I hope our worthy mayor, who
walks over this sidewalk every day, and
the aldermen for the South ward, will
see that the sidewalk is renewed at an
early date. O. MILLARA,
Victoria, B.C., March 4th, 1901.

From all the cele-
brated parkers in
bulk, vlad and tin
packages.

TEAS

FROM THE MILDEST CEYLON TO THE STRONGEST IN-
DIAN. PRICES TO SUIT ALL POCKETS.

Choice Flatbush, per sack, \$1.10
2 Star Flour, 90
3 Star Flour, 1.10

Lake of the Woods Hungarian 1.30
Wheat and Corn for chickens, 1.45
100 lbs. for 1.45

Hardress Clarke, 86 Douglas Street.

Banditti And Pirates

Have Been at Work in the Orient,
According to Recent In-
formation.

Former Attacked Town of Taichu,
Formosa—Pekin Tragedy—
Disastrous Explosion.

The steamship Olympia, which arrived
from the Orient yesterday, brought addi-
tional details of the explosion of gun-
powder, which occurred in the neighbor-
hood of No. 4 fort at Shanhaiwan the
latter part of January, in which fifty
British officers and British and Japanese
troops were injured. In a letter
written by one of the Japanese artillery-
men who were told off to destroy the
powder which exploded, it appears that
the troops were ordered to burn 2,040
boxes of powder and 530 boxes of blank
cartridges, which were left by the Chi-
nese soldiers when they evacuated Shan-
haiwan. The powder was all conveyed
outside of the powder magazine and 500
boxes were successfully destroyed. At
9 a. m. on the 24th, Captain Murakami
of the Light Artillery, with sergeants
and 25 men of his company, and 33 men
of the Forty-First Regiment of In-
fantry, started to destroy the remainder.
One British officer and a sergeant were
assisting the Japanese troops in the
work. One lot of powder was destroyed
at 11 o'clock without a hitch. Then
the powder contained in about 250 more
boxes was spread out. Just then the
British officer suggested that 80 or 90
more boxes should be added to the lot
before it was set fire to. The suggestion
was adopted, when in the afternoon the
whole lot caught fire and exploded with
tremendous force. Nineteen of the in-
fantry men and nineteen of the artillery
men were blown to pieces. Captain
Murakami and one man were terribly
injured and succumbed shortly after the
disaster. The British officer, a sergeant
and one Japanese private were injured.
The explosion was caused by friction.

A large number of banditti invaded the
town of Taichu, Formosa, on the night
of the 1st Feb., at about 9 o'clock. Forty
of them surprised a police box and killed
wounded the policemen. They burnt
down fourteen houses. Another company
of banditti surprised the barracks of the
infantry and the military hospital and
set fire to the former building, destroy-
ing two rows. A few of the infantry
and engineers were wounded. The band-
its were driven off at 10.50.

The number of the banditti who sur-
prised Taichu as reported in the previous
dispatch was 200. They entered the
town in three companies. One of them
passed through Taiton street which is
the business part of the town and at-
tacked the police box, setting fire to the
resident's quarters. Other parties at-
tacked the barracks and the military
hospital at the same time. The casual-
ties on the Japanese side were 20.

News was brought of a shocking
tragedy which occurred in Pekin. It ap-
pears that Captain Lindberg came to
Pekin from Tientsin, in search of his
wife, who was missing and was supposed
to have run away with a British officer.
Lindberg found her at the Hotel du
Nord with Lieutenant Denning, of the
Bombay Cavalry. Coming upon them to-
gether in a room, the husband drew a
revolver and fired several shots, killing
his wife instantly, and seriously wound-
ing the lieutenant. Lindberg then shot
himself, and expired a few minutes
later.

A DIFFERENCE.

"The soil," said the political economist,
"is what supports us."

"Well, I don't know," said the sea cap-
tain, thoughtfully, "the ocean supports me
about eleven months in the year."

HIT THE WRONG NAIL.

"My dear, why don't you hit the nail on
the head sometimes?"

"I do. Look at my thumb."

Seems Like a Dream

To Be Entirely Free From Asthma
After Eight Years' Suffering. That
is What a Vancouver Lady says,
After Being Cured by Clarke's
Kola Compound.

If the person who suffers from Asthma
could only see the thousands of letters on
file at our different offices he would no
longer doubt that Asthma can be cured by
Clarke's Kola Compound.

Mrs. J. Wise, Mount Pleasant, Vancou-
ver, B. C., writes: "I have been a most un-
fortunate sufferer from bronchial Asthma for
the past eight years, and I don't think
any person with this disease could have
suffered more during that time. Many times
for weeks I could not lie down at all. My
doctor told me I could never get better.
I had then heard of a Vancouver gentle-
man who had been cured by Clarke's Kola
Compound, so I tried it. The first bottle
did not relieve me much, but soon I began
to improve, and before I had finished the
fourth bottle the attacks ceased altogether,
and during the past six months of damp,
cold and foggy weather have not had a
single attack. It seems like a dream to be
free from this worst of all diseases after
so many years of suffering. I have since
regained my lost strength and weight and
don't think I ever felt better than now. I
consider Clarke's Kola Compound a mar-
vellous remedy, and would urge any per-
son suffering from this disease to try it.
Sold by all druggists. Dr. Clarke's book
on Asthma mailed free. Address The G. &
C. Co., Limited, 121 Church St., Toronto,
Canada.

The Brand Means Something.



"I look on the
Brand of a Slater
Shoe Rubber as a
sort of protection.
You never know
what you are get-
ting in a pair of
common rubbers
till you wear them."

"But a Com-
pany with a repu-
tation like the
"Slater" people
have would hard-
ly risk it by put-
ting their Brand on a poor rubber."

"That's one reason why I like the 'Slater
Shoe Rubber.'"

"And another thing:—You are always sure
of a fit, which is hard to get in the common sorts
of rubbers."

Name and price branded on the soles.

All styles from \$1.00 up.

The Slater Shoe Rubber.

J. FULLERTON AND J. H. MAKER, SOLE LOCAL AGENTS.

THE

Imperial Automatic

Voting Machine

A Marvel of Simplicity, Durability, Accuracy and Perfect
Adaptability

As an instrument for recording the vote of the Electorate at any and all Govern-
ment Elections.

Bound to replace, as fast as the machines can be manufactured and supplied, the
now primitive and defective ballot systems. The absolute superiority of the method
of voting by this Machine was completely demonstrated at the Municipal Election
in Ottawa, Ont., on the 2nd of January last, and has since been attested by the
leading newspapers in Canada.

PATENTS already obtained, or applied for, in most of the civilized countries in
the world.

Thirty thousand machines will be required in Canada alone, which, sold at \$100
per machine, totals \$3,000,000. Multiply this by 50, to include Great Britain (and the
colonies), the United States, Germany, France, Switzerland and other civilized coun-
tries, and some idea may be formed of the possibilities of this undertaking. Full
arrangements made for manufacture.

You are asked to satisfy yourself as to the merits of the Machine (which can
readily be adapted to meet the requirements of any public election), and when you
have done so we invite you to participate in the profits of this great undertaking by
purchasing shares in the Imperial Automatic Voting Machine Co., Ltd. The shares are
\$10 each, and you may purchase as many as you like. ALL STOCK FULLY PAID
AND GUARANTEED TO BE NON-ASSESSABLE.

A working model of the Machine, with turnstile attachment, may be seen at
Mr. H. A. MUNN'S office, corner BROAD STREET and TROUBLE AVENUE, and
you are hereby invited to inspect same between the hours of 11 and 12 a. m. and 3
and 4 p. m. every day, except Saturday (in the afternoon) and Sundays.

Forms of application for stock may be obtained from brokers in the city, or
from the undersigned, together with prospectus, press notices, and other printed mat-
ter.

As only a limited amount of stock is available at the above rate, we advise you
to acquire an interest early before the rise in price of shares takes place, or before
all stock is withdrawn from the market.

The Imperial Automatic Voting Machine

NEW IMPORTATION

FLORAL SOAPS

Ranging in price from 10c to 50c per tablet. We are headquarters for Pure Soaps and invite inspection.

SWEET BIRAR.
SWEET ELYSIUM.
SWEET NARCISSUS.
VIOLETTE DOUX.
ROSE BLANC.
LA CAMELIA.
OLEMATE.
SWEET DAWN.
CUCUMBER AND GLYCERINE.
ORANGE BOUQUET, ETC.

CYRUS H. BOWES, Chemist,
TELEPHONE 422.
108 GOVERNMENT ST., NEAR YATES ST.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Published by the Victoria
Meteorological Department.

Victoria, March 4.—5 a. m.—The high barometer area which has been hovering off the coast and causing high winds to blow a storm centre over eastern Washington, has combined with another extensive "high" which as spread southward over northern British Columbia and the Territories. This movement has been accompanied by a pronounced cold wave extending from Barkerville, where the temperature has fallen 15 to 20 below zero, to 20 below in Manitoba, where high winds also prevail. Our weather is likely to remain fair and cold for several days.

Forecasts.

For 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Tuesday.
Victoria and vicinity—Light to moderate winds, mostly northerly, fair and cold today and Tuesday, frosts at night.
Lower Mainland—Light to moderate winds, cold today and Tuesday, frosts at night.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.48; temperature, 41; minimum, 41; wind, calm; rain, trace; weather, cloudy.
New Westminster—Barometer, 30.50; temperature, 34; minimum, 32; wind, calm; weather, fair.
Kamloops—Barometer, 30.62; temperature, 28; minimum, 28; wind, 4 miles N. W.; weather, fair.
Barkerville—Barometer, 30.94; temperature, 6 below; minimum, 10 below; wind, calm; weather, clear.
San Francisco—Barometer, 30.16; temperature, 60; minimum, 58; wind, 8 miles N.; weather, clear.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF.

Try new White Label Blue Ribbon Tea.

IVORY SOAP at Jameson's, 33 Port Street.

Scissors, table and pocket cutlery, razors, etc. Sheela's Hardware.

Free Delivery of Bicycle Repair Work. Rambler Cycles. Welles Bros.

Charlotte Sears was this morning fined \$3 or five days' imprisonment in the police court for being drunk.

Fresh Oysters Daily from our own beds at Sooke. Price, per gallon, \$3.00; per quart, 75c. New England Hotel.

Jacob Sebi had his overcoat taken from the hallway of the Vernon on Saturday while in at lunch. The police discovered it at a pawnbroker's shop shortly after. The thief has not yet been found.

On Saturday afternoon about 4.30 the fire brigade was called to a fire in the roof of a two-story frame shack on Fisgard street, occupied by Chinese. The fire was quickly suppressed by Driver Swain with the chemical engine. The loss was about \$10.

The scene showing the keepers at the Zoo feeding the hippopotamus is one that the children should see; as well as being amusing, it is also instructive. To be seen this week at the "Searchlight," 62 Port street. Open daily. Admission 10c, children under 10 years 5c. Look elsewhere for the entire programme.

The funeral of the late Margaret Jean, the youngest daughter of A. W. Semple, took place on Saturday afternoon. Services were conducted at the house and graveside by the Rev. D. MacRae. The following acted as pallbearers: Geo. Mair, Alex. Russell, Willie Cox, Charlie Kirk, Alfred Kirk and John McReth.

The case of Ah Soue, charged with violation of the Streets-by-law in having baskets of chickens on Fisgard street, which was remanded from Saturday, was dismissed this morning. Police Magistrate Hall upon the objection raised by J. P. Wall, counsel for the defendant, that it had not been proved that they were on the highway.

Yesterday evening a fire was reported at the fire hall by a Chinaman. The brigade turned out, but could not find any fire. Shortly after getting back to the hall a Chinaman took the assistant chief down to Cormorant street, and showed him where a lamp had been overturned in the Hepburn block, which had been put out by themselves.

For the Baby

Get one of our 25c. Sponges, best value in the city, nothing to equal it in size and quality.
F. W. FAWCETT & CO.,
Chemists, 49 Government St.

That Victoria is particularly well favored as regards telegraphic service is a well known fact, but the following we are inclined to think establishes a record. At 12.35 on Saturday a message was written by a Victoria firm addressed to a house in Port Townsend. The Western Union call box was rung up, and the message delivered to the boy. Just exactly five minutes from the time the message was written, the reply was delivered and signed for. This is certainly a very excellent showing, and Messrs. U. S. T. Co. is to be complimented on his work. It should be remembered that no prior arrangements were made for a special service in connection with this message.

Just the Place You Are Looking For

Johns Bros. can supply you with almost everything in the eatable line and at rock bottom prices. Call and inspect, and get quotations at our Grocery and Meat Market.

JOHNS BROS.

259 Douglas Street.

ABOUT THE HOUSE.

Mr. Rogers' Ideas on the Mining Laws—Meeting of Private Bills Committee.

S. A. Rogers, M. P. P. for Cariboo, is one of the members who hold decided views in regard to the inequality of the mining laws of the province. In his opinion the hydraulic and placer miner is discriminated against in comparison with the quartz miner. An instance of the way in which the statutes are abused is cited by him. The collector in his district this year exacted two per cent. royalty on the output of all mines which yielded more than \$2,000. But instead of exacting this royalty on the excess of \$2,000, they collected it off the whole production, wherever it exceeded that sum. The matter was brought to the attention of the ministry, who at once instructed their agents to collect only on the excess of \$2,000. The miners are, however, still handicapped by the excessive fees for registering a water record. Many of Mr. Rogers' constituents have spent years in endeavoring to open up the country, but in the opinion of the representative from Cariboo, provisions such as those mentioned above are onerous, and tend to keep out capital.

The probable railway policy of the government is continuing to excite the curiosity of not only the public but the members supporting the administration. It is understood that the matter has not yet been discussed, but as a rally of government supporters will be held to-night or within a day or two, the curiosity of the last named will probably soon be gratified.

The private bills committee met this morning and will report the following bills: Chilton & Klinski Railway, British Columbia Electric Glass Insurance Co., Crawford Bay Railway, Trail Water Records, Presbyterian Church, Trustees Board, Lake Bennett Railway Co., Queen Charlotte Island Railway Co., Coast-Kootenay Railway Co., Comox & Cape Scott Railway, Victoria Terminal Railway, Imperial Pacific Railway, Columbia & Western Railway, District Power & Telephone Co., Midway & Vernon Railway, Grand Forks City Debentures.

The above is a very creditable record, and the committee will sit again tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock sharp, when the remainder of the petitioned bills will be introduced and read a first time to-day. The bills will be considered for five days before being considered by the private bills committee. A considerable number relate to railways, and the committee will be kept busy with them. The committee decided to report the petition. A special report is made with regard to petition No. 23, Trail Water Record. As on account of an objection being raised in committee that the area should be particularly mentioned, the rules were otherwise complied with, and the committee decided to report the petition. The petition is to be taken up tomorrow. The following: Granby Consolidated S. & M. Co., Kamloops & Atlin Railway Co., Comox & Cape Scott Railway, Croft's New Southern and Arrowhead & Kootenay Railway Co.

A GREAT MUSICIAN.

One of the Greatest Living Organists Will Give Concert Here on Friday. Arrangements have been made with Clarence Eddy, the renowned American organist, who will be visiting Victoria next Friday while en route to Paris from Southern California, to give a recital in St. John's church on the evening of that day. This will be an opportunity for Victorians of hearing one of the greatest living organists.

Clarence Eddy was born June 23rd, 1851, in Greenfield, Mass., and began his musical education at the age of 11. In 1867 he studied under Dudley Buck at Hartford, Conn., and from 1868 to 1871 was organist of the Trinity church, Montpelier, Vt. Then he went to Berlin, studied under August Haupt and Albert Loeschhorn. Returning to America in 1874 he became organist of the First Congregational church of Chicago, and after two years went to the First Presbyterian church, where he was organist and choirmaster for seventeen years. In 1876 he became general director of the Hershey School of Musical Art at Chicago, and gave there his famous series of one hundred organ recitals without any repetitions. Mr. Eddy has played at the Vienna exposition in 1873; Centennial exposition, Philadelphia, in 1876; Paris exposition in 1889, and the World's Fair at Chicago in 1893, and

Try Our

Blend Tea, 25c lb.
Creamery Butter, 25c lb.
Navel Oranges, 2 doz. for 35c.

E. B. JONES,
FAMILY GROCER,
Corner Cook and N. Park Streets.

For the Lenten Season

We Are Headquarters.

FOR GOODS SUITABLE FOR LENT.

Salt Salmon, Salmon Bellies, Salt Mackerel, Salt Herrings, Norwegian Spiced Anchovies, Smoked Herring, Smoked Salmon, Smoked Halibut, Smoked Blackens, Codfish, Canned Goods—Salmon, Mackerel, Caviar, Sardines, Oysters, Clams, Clam Chowder, Clam Juice, Lobsters, Shrimps, Crabs.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.,

THE LEADING GROCERS

Coughs and Colds

Can be quickly cured by taking Pulmo-
cough Cure.

HALL & CO.,
Dispensing Chemists,
Clarence Block, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

concerned in the chief American and European cities with distinguished success.

Personal.

J. R. Ferguson, managing director of the Fraser Valley Electric Co., has just returned from the Sound cities, where he has been looking into the various franchises under which companies in those cities do business. Mr. Ferguson's company wishes to establish a business in Vancouver, but has not as yet been able to make any agreement with the city. His recent visit was for the purpose of ascertaining how companies wishing to enter into business in any of the other Coast cities were treated. He found that they were encouraged and provided with every facility possible. Mr. Ferguson, however, thinks that suitable arrangements will be made with the Terminal city shortly, when the construction of a big plant, which is to be erected, will be commenced.

A. LaBelle, a hotel man from Alberni, is a guest at the Victoria hotel. In an interview with a Times man Mr. LaBelle expressed himself as much pleased with the proposed sewer to be constructed on Alberni canal, and said "that it would do much to help along the mining industry of Vancouver Island. The road to the Golden Eagle, which was commenced last winter, will be continued this week. Mr. LaBelle thinks the coming season will be an exceptionally good one. He will leave for Alberni this evening.

G. Fowler, a mining man, of Dawson, who has been spending the winter in Victoria, will leave for the North in a few days. He is the possessor of extensive mining properties on Bonanza and Eldorado creeks, and leaves for the purpose of taking charge of operations.

J. H. Rogers, general agent for the White Pass & Yukon railway at Dawson, after spending a vacation, left for the North yesterday for the purpose of resuming his duties. He was accompanied by T. Johnson, who will act as his stenographer.

Last Saturday evening Ald. George Adams, of New Westminster, and Mrs. Adams left for their home in Westminster. Ald. Adams has been spending a brief vacation in this city, and will leave for the guest of the Rev. W. H. Barracough.

E. B. Norton, of San Francisco, is in the city, a guest at the Victoria hotel. He is here in connection with the cold storage establishment with the initial stage of erection at the outer wharf by Eversman & Hardie.

W. R. Robertson, Indian agent at Duncan, is in the city on his regular tour. He is at the Victoria hotel. Mr. Robertson went out to Saanich last Saturday to settle some grievances among the Indians of that district.

McDonald Potts, manager of the Klondike Corporation; G. L. Courtenay, traffic manager of the E. & N. Co., and C. A. Holland were passengers from the Mainland last Saturday evening.

The J. B. A. whist team, which went over to Seattle for the purpose of playing a tournament with the Seattle Athletic Club, returned yesterday on the steamer Louisa.

A. Magnusen, D. R. Ker, R. A. Cooper, and F. H. Barnard were among the business men of Victoria who arrived in the city yesterday from the Sound.

James Staples, T. Kidd, Capt. Tallow, J. Oliver and J. F. Garden were among the members of the provincial House who arrived from Vancouver last evening.

Guy MacGowan, a commercial man, of Vancouver, and J. E. Fagan, were among the arrivals from Vancouver last evening.

S. S. Arnold, and H. R. Arnold, Jr., both of Dunn & Co., Hamilton, are among the commercial men at the Victoria hotel.

Dr. Verlander and wife, who went over to Seattle to spend a brief vacation, returned yesterday on the steamer Rosalie.

H. Hamberger, Simon Leiser & Company's agent at Dawson, left on the Rosalie yesterday for Seattle.

G. McE. Brown, of the C. P. R., is in the city, having arrived on the Charmer last evening from Vancouver.

R. B. Halhed, provincial constable at Chemsun, is in the city, a guest at the Victoria hotel.

G. H. Cowie, S. F. McKendle and E. A. Morris were passengers from Vancouver last evening.

F. J. Wheeler, of the G. N. railway, arrived from Vancouver last evening.

J. A. Fullerton and R. Marpole arrived from the Mainland last evening.

Joe Crawford arrived in the city from the Sound yesterday.

John Coughlin and W. H. Smith left for Seattle yesterday.

Mrs. Earsman was a passenger from the Sound yesterday.

E. V. Bodwell left for the Sound yesterday.

A consignment of Reed Chairs and Rockers, consisting of 40 pieces, shipped to us from Hongkong, which we will close out quickly at from \$6.00 to \$7.50, at Wellers.

THE WESTSIDE

Corner Government and Fort Streets - - - - - Victoria, B. C.

1,250 yds. Fancy Silks

35c Yard.



This is the latest Westside Silk News, these dainty Silks have come just in time to be included in the wardrobe for Easter holiday wear. Exclusive styles! Yes; to the weaving of a web of loveliness and specially designed for Beauty's service.

The question of a new Silk Dress or Waist is easily settled. The selection of any one of these means absolute satisfaction.

New Stripe Silks.....
New Check Silks..... 35c yard

In all the newest mingling of color tones.

THE HUTCHESON CO., LTD., VICTORIA.

A Thrifty Housewife



Always practice economy in the kitchen and yet have everything first-class. With that end in view, she buys only standard groceries at the lowest prices. A trial order from us will convince her that we are the grocers to buy from. We quote this week:

HUNGARIAN FLOUR.....\$1.30
XXX (THE FAMILY FLOUR).....1.65
ROLLED OATS, B. & K......30
WHEATFLOUR, 10 lb. sack......40
APPLES (Cooking), per box......75
GRAMMERY BUTTER......35
GRANULATED SUGAR, 18 lbs. for.....1.00
Always fresh and on hand, Wellington, Delta or Eden Bank Butter.

The Saunders Grocery Co., Ltd., 39 and 41 Johnson Street.

384 Boys' Suits now in Stock
116 Boys' Suits OPENED OUT
173 Boys' Suits yet to Arrive

It means a showing of Boys' Suits, which, placed one on top of the other would reach 97 feet in the air, or placed side by side, arms extended, would cover straightaway 2,409 feet of ground. It's a showing of new styles second to none in Victoria, a greater showing than any of our past efforts, and every suit you buy here we guarantee. We also guarantee to sell you Boys' Suits 20 per cent. cheaper than any other house in town. We can do this and still make a profit, because:

WE HAVE NO BOOKKEEPING EXPENSES.
WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH.
WE BUY STRICTLY FOR CASH.
WE HAVE NO RENT TO PAY—OWN OUR BUILDING AND GROUND.
We can sell you good Two-Piece Suits for \$1.85, \$2.25, \$2.00 and \$3.25.
Three-Piece Suits for \$3.15, \$3.80, \$4.00, \$4.25.
Long Trousers Suits, \$4.85, \$5.25, \$6.00, \$6.50.
What we do for boys, we do for men, sell them good suits at rock bottom prices.

W. G. CAMERON,
Victoria's Cheapest Cash Clothier
55 JOHNSON STREET

Sheffield Cutlery Store.

We have everything in the Cutlery line—Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Butcher Knives, Razors, Cooks Knives, Scissors, Tailors' Shears. See our stock, which is all of the best quality, at

78 GOVERNMENT STREET FOX'S

Keewatin Flour

Lake of the Woods Milling Co., Ltd.
HAS NO EQUAL. Insist on getting "Five Roses."

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd.

DEALERS IN
HARDWARE.

Iron, Steel, Pipe Fittings, and Brass Goods. Building, Mining and Logging Supplies a Specialty. Metallic Shingles Siding, etc.

Telephone, 3
P. O. Box, 425.
Wharf St. Victoria, B. C.

W. G. Cameron

VICTORIA'S CHEAPEST CASH CLOTHIER,
55 JOHNSON STREET.

For the boy. We have some very nice suits, three pieces, coat, vest and trousers, nicely trimmed, for \$2.75
Ages 4 to 8 years.

Sealers Sail For South

All But Three or Four of Fleet Get Indians and Leave.

First Five at Quatsino-Barkentine's Narrow Escape—Steamer Olympia Arrives.

Not more than seven schooners remain in port along the coast. The steamer Queen City, which arrived yesterday morning from her long coast trip, reports that with the exception of these vessels all the sealing fleet have left for the sealing grounds. The Victoria was at Dodge's Cove, but had secured her crew, and was ready to sail. At San Juan de la Isla and Teresa lay at anchor, and they were also ready to sail, as was the Libby, which was met at Endeavour. Three sealers were meeting difficulty in securing their hunters. The C. D. Rand was at Quatsino, and expected to get ten canoes, but his skipper was having trouble in dealing with the natives, because of last year's differences with them over wages, while the Salte Turpel and Geneva at Village Island have "gone down" in consequence of signing any terms.

The Queen City had a very rough voyage. As she was about to enter Nootka Sound on Saturday last a large four masted barkentine had just put to sea after a close call from destruction. In the thick weather of last week, she had been carried in by wind and currents to within a quarter of a mile from shore, where dropping her anchor she awaited a change in the wind. Her name was not learned. No new wreckage was reported to the Queen City's officers as having been found along the coast. On the 5th of last month two large Indian houses were burned to the ground at Winter Harbor. It was the first fire Quatsino has ever had, and the Indians were greatly excited over it, the excitement being intensified by the narrow escapes which two Indians had from being burned in it.

The mines at Southeast Arm are being continuously worked, and the strike on the Comstock is turning out well, according to Mr. Berg, the manager. Among the passengers who arrived on the steamer were Fred Richardson and Fred Hall, two commercial representatives, who have made the round trip on the steamer.

THE OLYMPIA ARRIVES.

Steamship Olympia, of Dodwell & Co.'s fleet, arrived from the Orient yesterday morning, and went on to the Sound early this morning, after landing considerable freight and a number of Chinese passengers. There were twenty-seven Japanese aboard, all of whom were destined for Sound points. But one European passenger arrived by the steamer, Capt. A. C. Arthur being the lone traveler. He landed here, and is to-day renewing old acquaintances. A few years ago the captain had command of one of the Canadian-Australian liners, in which capacity he was a most popular officer. The Olympia left Yokohama 18 days ago, having been 17 days on the voyage.

MARINE NOTES.

The torpedo destroyer Preble was successfully launched from the Union Iron Works shipyard at San Francisco, on Saturday. The boat has a length on the water of 245 feet, a maximum beam of 23 feet, with a draught on the trial displacement of 420 tons, eight feet of water over the tips of her screws. With 330 revolutions a minute the engines will develop a speed of 30 knots.

Steamer Walla Walla is due from San Francisco to-morrow evening, and the State of California will sail for the Golden Gate to-morrow evening.

Steamer Rosalie brought in yesterday a heavy load of freight, consisting of 105 tons of coal. She will have another heavy cargo to-day.

Steamer Tees from Skagway has arrived at Union, and will reach here at 6 o'clock this evening.

Steamer Farrier is loading cargo for Hongkong and Port Arthur.

Steamer Queen City will sail for West Coast points to-night.

The magistrates of Melrose, France, are engaged in investigating cases of voluntary mutilation practiced by a band of quacks and sharpers in the district of Quercy on young conscripts. By means of a bandage these quacks produced feignings of the toes, causing infirmities that necessitated the discharge of the young men, or at any rate their transfer to the auxiliary services. Each of these operations brought the operator a fee of from 1,000 to 1,500.

CHILBLAINS.

No remedy like FOOT ELM for chilblains. It soon stops all inflammation, and makes the feet healthy. 25 cts. at drug stores.

Curability of Cancer

Has Been Established Beyond All Doubt.

No matter what may have been thought of cancer being an incurable disease in days gone by, it has now been shown by incontrovertible evidence that, if the new constitutional treatment be taken before the last stages set in, it can be readily cured. The new system of treatment is based on the modern scientific fact that cancer is caused by germs or parasites. These germs being destroyed, and the poisons they manufacture being neutralized, the local cancer soon heals up. One great blessing associated with the introduction of the new treatment is the doing away with painful operations. How great a blessing this is, only those who have suffered from the surgeon's knife can fully appreciate. If you desire further particulars of this remedy, send 2 stamps to MESSRS. STOTT & JURY, Bowmanville, Ont.

NEW CENTURY SHIP.

Wonderful Craft Now Being Exploited in London.

To steer without a rudder to stop dead, and remain stationary in any sea without an anchor, to obtain greater speed than the fastest "liner," to slow down to a snail's pace, and still have a steering way; or, in other words, to be independent of tides and currents, to secure less racing of propellers; to be entitled to decreased insurance—combine all these attributes, and the result sounds like a fairy tale.

Capt. Mark Golinsky, of the United States mercantile marine, however, claims all these advantages, and many more for an invention in screw-propelled vessels for the exploitation of which he is now in London.

Just as the main motive power of the bird is in its wings, and of the fish in its pectoral and ventral fins, the power in both cases being located about one-third from the objective end, and immediately behind the widest breadth, so in Capt. Golinsky's ship, in addition to the usual propelling media aft, there are two screw-propellers forward, one on each side, about one-third of the distance from bow to stern.

The form of these steamships is one which nature itself suggests. "It is a combination," says the inventor, "of the codfish head and the mackerel tail," which least the first idea of swift craft to the builders of ships.

The bow of the hull is in the form of an arrow-head, the breadth and beam of the same increasing from the stern until it attains its maximum about one-third the length of the ship, when it gradually curves laterally, thus forming relatively wide rounded shoulders, behind which the propellers are placed.

The extreme width of the bow at its rear extremity is thus greater than the body or after-portion of the hull at any point; the lower part of the vessel's hull, aft of her forward propellers, is constructed so as to have a clear run of water from such propellers.

The fact that this ship has no propellers driven by distinctive engines will ensure less liability to disablement by loss of stern screw, breakdown of engine or shaft.

The arrow-headed steamship is independent of the rudder, as in case of accident to it she can turn easily in narrow channels with tide, wind or current against her, and can safely approach quays, wharfs or other vessels without tug or line assistance.

If required to land against surface wash or currents, by running her forward propellers against the current and increasing the speed of the after engine astern, the vessel will be dragged into her berth, while by equalizing the speed of her propellers she can remain almost motionless without lines out or anchor down.—London Express.

By Book Post

"Richard Yea and Nay" (1), is an historical novel of more than passing interest. A writer in the Fortnightly Review calls this story of Richard, Coeur de Lion "an elaborate, full, coherent romance, true to historical realism, simple in incident and plot, correct in pictorial tone—a truly romantic epic, wrought out from end to end by living men and women, playing their parts in due relation and sequence."—I cordially endorse this fine tribute. This is the love story of him of the Lion Heart, a romance picturing a wonderful epoch, the time in which "Ivanhoe" is concerned with, that of the Third Crusade. The lady Jehane whom he loves with his highest endeavor, and who deliberately sacrifices her all for his kingly good, is wonderfully depicted. With her white stainless soul, her deep sea-green eyes, beautiful Jehane, the loved of a splendid, the type of stateliness and the clearest woman of her time—is not her story pitiful? She is barely on her way, interest to Richard himself. From the author of "The Forest Lovers" one expects terse and brilliant work. His best prose is almost matchless. I am glad that my enthusiasm over "The Forest Lovers" have been justified by the forest critical encephalons. And while it is perhaps "Richard Yea and Nay" which has made Mr. Hewlett's reputation, his earlier work is worthy of his later. It is maintained that Mr. Hewlett's portrait of King Richard is true to the records of the time, which fortunately are abundant. The glimpses of the life and pageantry of the period are fascinating reading. While as an intimate revelation of the characters of such men and women as Henry II, King Richard and John, his historical knowledge of the times, causing infirmities that necessitated the discharge of the young men, or at any rate their transfer to the auxiliary services. Each of these operations brought the operator a fee of from 1,000 to 1,500.

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means of Christmas entries. Each Christmas-day a record is entered of the immediate happenings of the past year. As a story of a quiet home it has a soothing effect on those worn and hurried with the strain of our restless modern life. It is a narrative of happy sheltered conditions pleasantly and naturally written. As a journal it has a unique interest, and even as a tale it holds the attention. The story closes with the death of the writer, which comes as a fitting close to a long and ideal married life. Current events are often vividly discussed. Some of the philosophical expostions are worthy of the mature writers of this age.

The methods employed in "Easy Steps in Latin" (4), by Mary Harner, seem to be of the common-sense order. The lessons are so condensed that they may be readily learned by the average pupil in an hour. The number of sentences is reduced to give time for more practice in repetition, while many novel and helpful features are introduced to interest the learner and hold his attention. The vocabulary given is of the best, and the lessons include drill on English derivatives or synonyms; classes of derivatives have been introduced earlier than usual to call attention to final syllables, and quotations from English poetry serve to fasten incidents or characters discussed in the pupil's memory. The illustrations add greatly to the interest of the volume.

Among the science primers lately issued is "History of Philosophy" (5), by Thomas Hunter, M. A. (Glasg.). In the little volume there is given a simple and succinct account of the lives and doctrines of the great scientific philosophers, and of those ancient and mediaeval philosophers who proposed some explanation of existence or some theory of conduct. The word "philosophy" in the title of the book, however, applies for the most part to metaphysics, and in a much less degree to ethics. The book is an addition to the series, and will be of use to those requiring such a hand book. The vocabulary of philosophic terms and the list of questions at the back of the book are novel features.

I would ask my readers to please take it for granted that when I am made to shatter every grammatical rule, spell six or seven words in each column in a unique manner, miscell even so respectable a philosopher as Kant, and play the mischief generally with punctuation, that I am under the same bondage as the rest of the staff of this great family newspaper to the printing room. I am not protesting. No newspaper writer would be so bold as to do that. I am not even saying what I think of the inhabitants of the "Mystic" who would not call them miscreants, but friends for anything. This is merely a mild explanation of what may seem strange alphabetical vagaries on my part.

MADGE ROBERTSON.

1. Copp, Clark & Co., Toronto; cloth and paper.
2. Fleming H. Revell, Toronto; cloth and paper.
3. Robert Clarke Co., Cincinnati; cloth.
4. American Book Co., New York; cloth.
5. American Book Co., New York; cloth.

VICTOR HUGO, ARTIST.

Victor Hugo never learned how to draw. In 1829, at the time of his four through Switzerland, he had taken on his album a few sketches, which he himself characterized as "naifs," but these of course were merely souvenirs for the eye.

He was more than thirty years old when strolling one day with a friend toward the environs of Paris to Montfort l'Amaury, I think—he stopped suddenly before a superb old crumbling tower.

"What a magnificent ruin!" he exclaimed. "It ought to be transferred to paper. I am going to sketch it this minute."

Seating himself on a stone, he took out his pencil.

"You know, then, how to draw?" asked the friend.

"My faith, no! Nevertheless, I shall make an attempt just the same."

The essay proved not altogether successful; in fact, it was decidedly naïf, awkward, and crude. The friend, who was looking over the amateur artist's shoulder, burst out laughing. Victor Hugo smiled himself as he destroyed the leaf containing the scrawl.

"You perceive that one must learn how," said the friend. "Without having been taught, how can you draw the lines correctly, place the light and shade, determine the plans, establish the perspective?"

"Very good," replied Victor Hugo. "But when one learns the art by himself it suffices to simply observe. Nature is, after all, the best teacher. It is necessary that I should draw; I will draw."

He possessed a strong will, as well as the gift of perception. In succeeding excursions he produced further drawings, that grew less and less imperfect and uncertain. After the tenth he no longer destroyed his sketch; and after the twentieth he was sure of his point of view and sure of his hand. In short, he knew how to draw; he did draw.—Paul Maurice in Harper's Magazine.

OH!

Jabba-Jaggins called you a monkey. How can you stand that?

Dibley—What would you advise me to do about it?

Jabba—Make him prove it, of course.

IT'S MIRACULOUS.

Catarrrh, Colds, and Headache Can Be Relieved in 10 Minutes and Cured. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is a Wonder Worker.

"I had Catarrh for 1 year." "I had Catarrh for 2 years." "I had Catarrh for 5 years." "I had Catarrh for 20 years." "I had Catarrh for 30 years" and Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cured me. These are sentences from the volume and volume of testimony for this great catarrh cure, not mythical patients, but words from men and women all over the continent who have been cured. It relieves Colds and Headache, due to Catarrh, in 10 minutes. Sold by Dea & Hiscoks and Hall & Co.—13.

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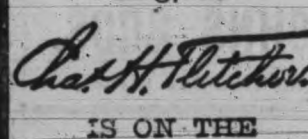
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SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF



IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF

CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C.A.S.T-O-R-I-A.

The facsimile signature of Charles H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Facsimile Signature of Charles H. Fletcher, NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 Doses—35 CENTS.

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.



ET CORSETS

Are made in the most up-to-date Factory—by the very latest Machinery from perfect models and the most modern designs. They are as comfortable and durable as they are elegant.

FOR SALE—CHEAP.

AN ACETYLENE GAS MACHINE

In perfect working order, with 500 feet of piping. Apply to

M. R. SMITH & CO., LD., PORT ST.

NEW WELLINGTON COAL

Washed Lump, \$5.00 Sack and Nuts, \$6.50 Delivered.

KINGMAN & CO., 41 Port Street. Telephone 647.

We Repair Jewelry

A. TRIAL SOLICITED. W. B. Shakespeare, 74 YATES STREET.

JOHN MESTON

Carriage Maker, Blacksmith, Etc. BROAD ST., BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.

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E. & N. Railway.

Time Table No 40

Effective December 19, 1901.

NORTH BOUND

Trains leave Victoria for Wellington and intermediate stations at 9:00 a. m. daily, Saturday and Sunday, 9:00 a. m. and 8:10 p. m.

Excursion tickets on sale to and from all points. Good Saturday and Sunday.

Through Tickets on Sale to Alberni

Stage leaves Nanaimo every Tuesday and Friday. Returning, leaves Alberni every Monday and Thursday.

Mount Sicker Stage from Westholm

Stage leaves Westholm daily except Sunday. For rates and all information apply at Company's Office.

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager.

"The Milwaukee"

A familiar name for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, known all over the Union as the Great Railway running the "Pioneer Limited" trains every day and night between St. Paul and Chicago, and Omaha and Chicago. The only perfect train in the world. Understand: Connections are made with all Transcontinental Lines, assuring to passengers the best service known. Luxurious coaches, electric lights, steam heat, of a verily equalled by no other line. "The Milwaukee" when going to any point in the United States or Canada. All ticket agents sell them.

For rates, pamphlets, or other information, address J. W. CASSETT, Travel Agent, Seattle, Wash.

G. J. EDDY, General Agent, Portland, Ore.

Reduced Rates

PORT/TOWNSEND AND SEATTLE.

FARE, 25c. BERTHS, 25c.

FREIGHT 50c PER TON

MAIL STR. SEHOME

Arrive daily, except Sunday 8:00 p.m. Leave daily, except Sunday 7:30 p.m. DOYBELL & CO., LTD., Agents, Phone 680, 94 Government St.

Removal Notice

The Inverloch Nursery have removed their Flower Store from 29 Government Street to 41 Port Street (Close to Fletcher's Japanese store).

EDW. ALEX. WALLACE, Inverloch Nursery.

THE White Pass and Yukon Route

PACIFIC AND ARCTIC RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION CO. BRITISH COLUMBIA YUKON RAILWAY CO. CANADIAN DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, LD.

The Atlin, Klondike and Yukon Gold Fields can be reached via

THE WHITE PASS AND YUKON ROUTE

Earlier in the season and quicker than any other way. Daily (except Sunday) winter train service between SKAGWAY AND WHITE HORSE.

PASSENGER TRAIN TIME CARD.

Leaves	Arrives	Leaves	Arrives
Le. 8:30 a.m.	Skagway	Ar. 4:40 p.m.	Le. 11:20 a.m.
Le. 11:20 a.m.	Log Cabin	Ar. 2:50 p.m.	Le. 12:15 p.m.
Le. 12:15 p.m.	Bennett	Ar. 1:25 p.m.	Le. 2:40 p.m.
Le. 2:40 p.m.	Caribou	Ar. 1:35 p.m.	Le. 4:35 p.m.
Le. 4:35 p.m.	White Horse	Ar. 1:50 p.m.	

Through WINTER MAIL AND EXPRESS service maintained to and from Yukon Points.

J. FRANCIS LEE, Traffic Manager. J. H. GREER, Commercial Agent, 100 Government Street, Victoria.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED).

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA.

Time Table No. 65.—Taking Effect November 15th, 1900.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, 1 a. m. from Inner Wharf, Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, at 10 o'clock p. m., or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner, Delta and Islands—Tuesday and Friday at 7 a. m. Leave New Westminster for Victoria and Way Ports—Wednesday and Saturday at 7 a. m.

SOUTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate points, via Vancouver, 1st and 15th of each month at 11 p. m.

ALASKA ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave every Wednesday, via Vancouver, for Wrangell and Skagway at 8 p. m.

Steamer leaves Victoria for Albatross and Sead ports, on the 1st, 10th, and 20th of each month, extending latter trips to Quatsino and Cape Scott, 7 a. m.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notice.

G. A. CARLETON, General Freight Agent. C. S. RAYNER, General Passenger Agent.

Atlantic Steamship Sailings.

Dominion—Dominion Line Fr. Portland. Cambrian—Dominion Line Mar. 23. Numbidian—Allan Line Mar. 20. Corinthian—Allan Line Mar. 16.

Lake Champlain—Beaver Line Fr. St. John. Megantic—Beaver Line Mar. 27.

Commonwealth—Dominion Line Fr. Boston. New England—Dominion Line Mar. 13. Ultonia—Canard Line Mar. 16. Saxonia—Canard Line Mar. 30.

FROM NEW YORK. Umbria—Canard Line Mar. 7. Campania—Canard Line Mar. 23. Sardinian—Allan Line Mar. 23. Germania—White Star Line Mar. 20. Majestic—White Star Line Mar. 13. St. Louis—American Line Mar. 13.

Westernland—Red Star Line Mar. 27. Astoria—Anchor Line Mar. 14. August Victoria—Ham-American Mar. 11. Harbourside—N. G. Lloyd Line Mar. 21.

Passengers ticketed through to all European points and prepaid passages arranged for. For reservations and all information apply to B. W. GREER, Agent, Victoria.

W. P. F. CUMMINGS, Genl. S.S. Agent, Wainipeg.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

For San Francisco.

The Company's steamships State of California, Walla Walla, Umatilla and Umpqua, leave Port of Call, B. C. for San Francisco, B. M. mail, leave VICTORIA, 8 p. m., Feb. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, March 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, April 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 30, 31, 1901.

FOR ALASKA

LEAVE SEATTLE 9 P. M. Cottage City, Feb. 9, 24, March 11, 26, April 10, 25, May 10, 25, June 10, 25, July 10, 25, August 10, 25, September 10, 25, October 10, 25, November 10, 25, December 10, 25.

For further information obtain folder. The company reserves the right to change steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing, without previous notice.

R. P. RITRET & CO., Agents, 61 Wharf St., Victoria, B. C. TIOCKOFF & CO., Agents, 615 First Ave., Seattle, Wash. M. T. BOYD, Comm. Agent, O. W. MILLER, Asst. General Agent, Ganges, B. C. GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen. Agts., San Francisco.

Victoria & Sidney RAILWAY.

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney as follows:

DAILY: Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 8:30 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAY AND SUNDAY

Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 8:30 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

Steamer Iroquois

Connecting with the Victoria & Sidney Railway (weather permitting), will sail as follows: Monday and Thursday—Leave Sidney at 8 a. m., calling at Fulford, Ganges, Mayne, Fernwood, Gabriola and Nanaimo. Tuesday and Friday—Leave Nanaimo at 7 a. m., calling at Gabriola, Fernwood, Mayne, Ganges, Fulford and Sidney.

Wednesday—Leave Sidney at 8 a. m., calling at Fulford, Ganges, Gabriola, Mayne, Pender, Saturna and Sidney. Saturday—Leave Sidney at 8 a. m., calling at Saturna, Pender, Mayne, Gabriola, Ganges, Fulford and Sidney.

Close connection made with steamer for trains leaving Victoria at 7 a. m. For passenger and freight rates apply on board, or to the agents of the Victoria & Sidney Railway.

T. W. PATERSON.

Free Cure For Men.

A new remedy which quickly cures men's venereal diseases, etc., and restores the organs to their normal condition. Dr. J. C. Kepp, 2044 Hull Building, Detroit, Mich., sends free the receipt of this wonderful remedy in order that every weak man may cure himself at home.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

WHEN GOING EAST

TAKE THE Canadian Pacific Railway.

Through cars to Boston, Montreal, Toronto and St. Paul.

Steamship and sleeping car berths reserved.

For rates and all information apply to E. J. COYLE, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C. B. W. GREER, Agent, Victoria, B. C.

TICKET OFFICE, Cor. Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

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Provincial News.

CHILLIWACK.
Rev. Mr. Allen has reconsidered his resolution to resign the vicarage here. He will return to stay, after a six months' visit to England.

KAMLOOPS.
Wm. Gilmore, a resident of the province for the last 43 years, passed away on Friday at the Kamloops Hospital. He was 80 years of age, and was born in Ireland.

ANCHROFT.
The marriage of Ric. A. Fraser, editor of the Lillooet Prospector, and Miss L. Wardell, took place in St. Alban's (Church of England) church on Tuesday evening at nine o'clock. Rev. A. A. Dorrell officiating. The wedding march was played by Mr. D. W. Rowlands and the church was filled with friends of the bride and groom.

NANAIMO.
Three seamen of the British bark Senator, J. Kellersch, W. Mullin and J. Tobin, were sentenced to ten weeks' imprisonment at Chemainus on Saturday afternoon for persistently refusing duty at various places on the voyage, and actual mutiny at Chemainus. The men were brought here and put in jail.

ROSSLAND.
In the Supreme court on Monday Chief Justice McCall, in the jury case of Wm. McBride against the corporation of the city of Rossland for \$5,000 damages for the loss of McBride's five-year-old child by falling off the Second Avenue bridge in September, 1899, ordered the action discontinued with costs.

Messrs. E. R. Bremner, of Vancouver, and Edward Williams, Dominion labor commissioners, have been here for about a week, looking into the matter of adult labor, and as a result of their labors, 16 of the men in the employ of Messrs. Winters, Parsons & Boomer, who have a contract to do some work for the Red Mountain railway, were ordered deported. The contractors will pay the way of the men back to the United States, where they were engaged. This is the first time a case of this kind has come up in this province, and the penalty of \$1,000 fine for each contract laborer brought in was not enforced. The commissioners stated, however, that in the future the law would be enforced to the letter, as the intention of the Dominion authorities is to protect Canadian workers from unfair competition.

VANCOUVER.
Eighty-nine cases were tried by the police-magistrate during the month of February.

There were 21 interments in the city cemetery during the month of February.

The report of the fire department for February shows a total of 16 alarms from houses or telephone responses, during the month with an aggregate of loss of but \$2,650. The most serious fire of the month was that at English Bay on February 6th, which destroyed the two dwellings owned by Major-General Twigg, together with a valuable library belonging to one of the tenants. The loss is estimated at \$1,800 exclusive of the loss sustained by the destruction of the books.

The Hon. Mr. Shimizu, Japanese consul-general for Canada, states that the present relations between Canada and the United States are of the most friendly character. Mr. Shimizu has returned from a visit to Ottawa, Toronto, Hamilton and other eastern Canadian cities. He expressed himself as delighted with the warm welcome he received from Canadians wherever he went. Mr. Shimizu said he had little information to impart officially. His mission to Ottawa was for the purpose of promoting trade relations between Canada and Japan, and to encourage the continuation of the existing friendship between the two countries. He could at least say that his mission had been entirely successful. Mr. Shimizu, on being asked if the question of the new Immigration act of British Columbia had been brought up in his interviews with the Dominion government, said that he had no statement to make regarding immigration matters, except in a general way. He anticipated no trouble over the immigration question.

On account of a series of heavy slides on the Canadian Pacific railway main line between Revelstoke and Glacier, traffic has been almost suspended, and no through train is expected to arrive in the city till Monday, says yesterday's News-Advertiser. A local train was made up at Revelstoke on Saturday, and picked up passengers at intermediate points, but the Pacific express, due on Friday had to go back to Medicine Hat, where it will take the southern route and come in over the Crow's Nest & Kootenay lines. The eastbound train is leaving on schedule time, passengers being taken over the Crow's Nest route.

Very favorable reports are coming from the Marble Bay mine on Texada Island. They have shipped 750 tons of \$25 ore to the Tacoma smelters in the past three weeks, and now have 10,000 tons of ore running from \$8 to \$10 on

the dump. New compressors are being installed in the mines.

LILLOOET.
According to the report of the Trades and Labor Council, out of 23 Japs who have applied for fishing licenses to date, 20 have been refused, as not qualified.

KELOWNA.
The body of a dead Chinaman was found last Saturday morning close to the Fraser river bridge. A coroner's jury was impaneled and visited the spot. On investigation it was found that the Chinaman had been crazy for some time and that he had run outside early in the morning with insufficient clothing, thus bringing on his death by exposure.

NELSON.
At the annual meeting of the Osoyoos Farmers' Institute, held at Kelowna on the 18th inst., an excellent address was read by President Dilworth, followed by a comprehensive report from H. W. Raymer, the delegate to the central institute. The treasurer's report showed a balance on hand of \$97. The officers for the current year were elected as follows: President, J. Dilworth; vice-president, A. McLennan; secretary-treasurer, A. H. Orlinton; directors, Messrs. Day, Crozier, Knox, Pridham and Raymer. H. Raymer was again appointed delegate to the central institute. The meeting closed after forming a branch of the Good Roads Association.

The Nelson fire brigade was reorganized on Tuesday, when Thomas W. Lillie, of Vancouver, was installed as chief. Six of the old members resigned. At the present time the brigade is composed of: Thomas W. Lillie, chief; Jas. J. Chambers, captain; J. R. Campbell, lieutenant; and Joseph Thompson, Kerby Douglass, Thomas L. Lillie, Harry Houston, Harry Stutter, J. McLeod, C. Lounlin, James Foote, and William Boyd, driver.

The members of the board of police commissioners have decided to comply with the request of the members of the city council for an investigation concerning the efficiency of the police force, and also into the matter of the competency and trustworthiness of Police Constable Kerr, whose suspension goes into effect shortly.

PASSENGERS.
Per steamer Charming from Vancouver-Saturday-J. Thomson, P. McQuade & Son, Bell & Co. T. L. Davies, Wilson Bros, Speed Bros, H. P. Crawford, S. Leiser & Co. Bank of Montreal, B. C. Cold Storage, Lenz & Leiser, Shawigan, L. Co. G. S. B. Perry, Lawrence & Co. J. Wilson, T. D. Conway, Y. B. & Co. J. W. Kinloch, H. Cooley, A. W. Heath, A. J. Clyde, G. Longpre, J. H. Todd & Son, C. O. Russell, Hutchison Co. D. Spencer, Hinton & Co. W. H. Kinnaird, G. R. Jackson, T. Shottbolt, Bank of B. N. A. Don Express.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound-Saturday-J. C. Darling, Mrs. Woodell, Miss Woodell, Miss Woodell, A. Maguire, P. Dawn, Mrs. Hildwell, Miss Ford, J. C. Smith, T. Everett, E. M. Sanderson, T. Fleming, W. H. Booth, H. P. Dickenson, A. F. Nordstrom, Mrs. Nordstrom, Mrs. B. A. Ginston, Mrs. J. W. Smyth, Miss M. Beaton, W. Maubly, J. H. Morris, Maggie Morris, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Labor, E. Hoffman, M. A. Jones, E. W. Johnson, W. Wright, T. E. DeLafontaine, Kavanagh, Mrs. Kavanagh, H. Blizard, Kingston, E. Phillips, T. H. Armstrong, J. Smyth, E. Jefferson, M. Kodelstregren, G. Swan, C. A. Murray, N. E. Booth, S. McCall, J. McKay, A. McKay, J. Rosenburger, R. Rehnert, H. Lewis, J. Desmond, W. F. Kirk, T. C. Engel, A. Jackson, C. Pritch, A. Innes, W. Hine, H. Norton, E. L. Stricker, R. Stricker, T. Lough, T. B. Young, A. F. Hunt, J. W. Lough, C. Alaheter, S. Karoline, K. Dean, Mrs. J. Dean, C. A. Williams, Mrs. H. Williams, H. Dean, Mrs. Ernest, Mrs. Rhynhart, Capt. Johnson, Mrs. Johnston, Mrs. Black, J. Leachard, J. Greenwood, Mrs. Greenwood, J. P. Conner, P. Steel, T. Steel, R. Smith, J. H. Bushman, J. J. C. Smith, Cuthbert, A. Smith, C. Lawrence, F. Lawrence, J. Smyth, H. Wolford, W. Lythie, J. Cartwright, C. O. McDonald, J. Donegan, P. McDonald, Mrs. McDonald, F. Lawson, Capt. Galtier, Mrs. Lanester.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound-Saturday-J. C. Darling, W. A. Larson, A. Magnusson, E. O. Finlayson, D. H. Kerr, B. A. Cooper, Mrs. B. A. Cooper, D. M. Rogers, E. H. Barnard, D. McTavish, J. H. Lawson, S. Sea Jr. J. A. McTavish, A. C. Anderson, Jas. Townsley, D. O'Sullivan, J. C. Thompson, T. A. Kerr, J. H. McTavish, Dr. Verlander, Mrs. Dr. Verlander, W. O. Moresby, C. Wark, Stanley Smith, E. H. Russell, W. A. Dutton, A. J. Dutton, E. B. Norton, J. J. Schell, Mrs. D. Smith, F. Smith, Mrs. P. Smith, Mrs. Earsman, Mrs. Petrie, J. W. Garbath, Jas. Rutherford, Robt. Ward, Jas. Crawford, W. Woeden, W. Gordon, B. Shaffer, Jas. Aggarth, S. McLaughlin, J. T. Troughton, J. S. Chafe, J. Cranston, Wm. Scarsnap, Mrs. Parrell, H. G.

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BOOKBUYER and N. Y. Times Saturday Book Review	1.50	1.00	2.50 1.70
MCCLURE'S MAGAZINE and N. Y. Times Saturday Book Review	1.00	1.00	2.00 1.50
MUNSEY'S MAGAZINE and N. Y. Times Saturday Book Review	1.00	1.00	2.00 1.50
FRANK LESLIE'S MAGAZINE and N. Y. Times Saturday Book Review	1.00	1.00	2.00 1.50
DELINEATOR and N. Y. Times Saturday Book Review	1.00	1.00	2.00 1.40
EVERYBODY'S MAGAZINE and N. Y. Times Saturday Book Review	1.00	1.00	2.00 1.25
PEARSON'S MAGAZINE and N. Y. Times Saturday Book Review	1.00	1.00	2.00 1.25
COSMOPOLITAN and N. Y. Times Saturday Book Review	1.00	1.00	2.00 1.25
SUCCESS and N. Y. Times Saturday Book Review	1.00	1.00	2.00 1.10

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THE NEW YORK TIMES, New York City

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
SOMAS RIVER BRIDGE, ALBERNI DISTRICT, B. C.

Sealed tenders, properly indorsed, will be received by the undersigned up to noon of Wednesday, the 14th March next, for the erection and completion of a bridge across the Somas River, near Alberni, Alberni District, B. C.

Drawings, specifications, and form of contract may be seen at the Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C., at the office of the Government Agent, Nanaimo, B. C., and at the Government Office, Alberni, B. C., on and after the 23rd instant. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque or certificate of deposit made payable to the undersigned for the sum of five hundred (\$500) dollars, as security for the due fulfillment of the contract, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. The cheques of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them upon the execution of the work.

Tenders will not be considered unless made out on the forms supplied and signed with the actual signature of the tenderers. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works,
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 10th February, 1901.

Notice to Contractors.
Tenders will be received till Tuesday, the 12th inst., at 12 noon, for the erection of a frame residence near Residence Hill, Plans and specifications may be seen at my office.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
Architect.
83 1/2 Douglas street.

CANCELLATION OF RESERVE.
CASSIAR DISTRICT.
Notice is hereby given that the reservation placed on Crown lands situated in the Bennett Lake and Atlin Lake Mining Divisions of Cassiar District, of which was published in the British Columbia Gazette and dated 13th December, 1898, is hereby cancelled.

W. C. WELLS,
Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works,
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 20th January, 1901.

NOTICE.
IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF ROBERT ENGLISH, DECEASED.
All persons indebted to the above estate are required to pay the amount due forthwith; and all persons having claims against the above estate are required to send in their accounts, duly verified, on or before the 6th day of March, 1901, to J. H. McDermott, the executor or to F. L. & G. GREGORY, Solicitors for the Executor.

Victoria, B. C., 8th Feb., 1901.

TO LADIES.
I will send free to every suffering lady 10 days' treatment of a simple home remedy that completely cures all forms of disease of the most kind. Send your name to-day and be cured, or call on me.

E. D. NICHOLSON,
3 Bridge Street, Victoria, B. C.

NOTICE.
The E. & N. Railway Swing Bridge across Victoria Harbor will be closed for necessary repairs until about the 6th inst. Meantime it will be impossible for vessels to pass the bridge.

JOSEPH HUNTER,
General Superintendent.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that I, Harriet E. Hastings, of Victoria, B. C., will apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners sitting as a Licensing Court on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1901, or as soon thereafter as the same can be heard, for a transfer of the license held by me to sell wines, spirits and liquors by retail on the premises known as the "Queen's Hotel," situate on the N. W. corner of Johnson and Store streets, Victoria, B. C., to Fred Golding.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., February 28th, A. D. 1901.
H. E. HASTINGS.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that I, Matthew H. McCabe, of the City of Victoria, intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners sitting as a Licensing Court, for a transfer of the license held by me to sell wines and liquors by retail on the premises known as the Wilson Hotel, Yates street, City of Victoria, to Stephen White and M. H. McCabe.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 30th day of January, 1901.
M. H. MCCABE.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Licensing Court of the City of Victoria, B. C., I intend making application for a transfer of the license now held by me to sell wines, spirits and other liquors at the premises known as the Callaghan hotel, 19 Johnson street, in the City of Victoria, B. C., to J. S. Rolin.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., November 12th, 1900.
J. T. PEARCE.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE.
STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
OPEN FROM 8 P.M. TO 10 P.M.
The Institute is free for the use of Seamen and shipping generally. It is well supplied with papers and a temperance hall. Letters may be sent here to avoid ships. A parcel of literature can be had for outgoing ships on application to manager. All are heartily welcome.

Garfield Tea

For Liver and Kidneys and Impure Blood.
All Druggists. 25 Cents

A full cartload of popular priced Sideboards in Ash and Golden Oak just received at Weillers. These are exceptional value and are priced \$22.50, \$30, \$38, \$45, and \$65.

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A new line of rubber goods which we have no hesitation in recommending. See our display.

John Cochrane,

Chemist - N. W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

Auction Sale

Valuable Furniture, Fine Ranges, Etc., Etc.,

Our Salerooms, 54 Fort St.

To-Morrow, at 2 p. m.

Most of the goods for this sale came in too late for to-day's advertisement.

THE CUTHBERT-BROWNE CO., LTD., Auctioneers.

Georgian to Be Purchased

For Temporary Ferry Service Between Sidney and the Mainland.

Probable Inauguration of Daily Service Between Fraser and This Island.

During the interim between the passage of the ferry by-law and the present time the promoters of the scheme which will give Victoria connection with the Great Northern system have been diligently employed in perfecting all essentials in the way of preliminary arrangements. In fact every detail has been taken in hand, and the result is a decided preparedness to inaugurate operations immediately upon the acquisition of the charter.

Capt. S. F. McKenzie, of Vancouver, who is closely identified with the project, has been in the city during the past few days watching the progress of events. The fact that the ferry scheme was among the first considerations of the private bills and railway committees has caused all interested to be on the qui vive for developments, and probably the picture of railway men in the city is attributable to this also.

Capt. McKenzie was approached by a Times representative this morning regarding the ferry proposition. While disposed to give the public as much information as possible, he pointed out that in some particulars it was advisable to speak guardedly.

He, however, dropped some information which is of the greatest importance and indicated, beyond all doubt, that the promoters of the ferry project were ready to initiate work at once. This was the statement that negotiations were well advanced for the purchase of the transfer barge Georgian, now lying idle in the upper harbor, which has been manipulated by the White Pass & Yukon Railway Co. Immediately upon the acquisition of the charter the Georgian will be placed on the route between Sidney and the Mainland. The terminal point will be Liverpool, opposite New Westminster, pending the construction of the seventeen miles of line spur from Cloverdale on the Westminster Southern to a point on the Fraser above Stevenson, which, as specified in the by-law, will be the real terminal point. Capt. McKenzie points out, however, that this arrangement is only temporary until the construction of the large commodious ferry transport for the service.

The Georgian is a barge 170 feet in length by 38 in width. She will be fitted up here with all the appliances essential to the handling of cars, and according to Capt. McKenzie, she will carry twelve loaded freight cars. The Georgian has made several trips between here and Skagway. Capt. McKenzie was unable to say which tug would be acquired for the purpose of handling the transport.

Plans and specifications are expected in a few days for the new ferry transport to be permanently devoted to the service between Sidney and the Mainland. The designer is Frank Kirby, designer and draughtsman for the Detroit Drydock & Shipbuilding company, which is a most extensive establishment. In fact, it might be stated that Mr. Kirby has designed the majority of the large ferries now in operation in the United States, and lately executed some specifications for the Russian government of several large transports for the merchantile service of the Tsar. The craft to ply back and forth between Sidney and the Mainland will be one of about 1,000 tons, and 320 feet in length. It will carry twelve cars.

The Great Northern people are now installing ferry slips at Liverpool and the temporary transfer Georgian will have all the facilities required for the purpose. The ground over which the railroad spur will be constructed has been surveyed and almost simultaneous with the securing of the charter will be

the commencement of the work of construction. It is not been for the lateness of the legislative session it is certain that had the charter been granted considerable progress would have been made in the operations by this time. As it is, everything is in readiness. It is expected that McKenzie will prove almost of equal importance and interest. This was in effect that it was the intention of the company to operate a daily passenger and freight service between points on the Fraser and Sidney, on condition of satisfactory arrangements being made regarding the acquisition of adequate boats. In the event of the inauguration of the service the boat would leave the Fraser at, say, in the morning, and arrive at Sidney in time to make connection with the train to the city. This service would prove of inestimable value to cannerymen as well as merchants in this city. The fact that our could leave the Mainland in the morning, arrive in Victoria, transact his business, and return again on the same day will give some idea of the great benefit to be conferred by such a service. Business men desirous of making the trip to the Mainland could make an equally close connection and would be able to expedite transactions in a manner otherwise impossible.

The steamers will be light draught freight and passenger boats, of good speed, and should cover the distance in short order. Of course the institution of the service is subject to conditions, such as before mentioned, but it is hoped that the company will meet with no difficulty in this regard.

RUTHVEN ARRESTED.

(Associated Press.) London, March 4.—An infuriated mob at Shanklin, Isle of Wight, yesterday stormed the platform from which the ex-Monk Victor Ruthven was delivering an anti-Catholic lecture. Ruthven drew a revolver and kept the stormers at bay for a time, but finally turned and fled. During his flight a bullet was discharged, which, traversed the neck and issued from the cheek of one of his pursuers. Ruthven was arrested.

Ruthven explains that he was alone in the midst of the crowd and did not fire until he was forced to do so in self-defence. The mob surrounded him with chair and all kinds of missiles, and there were yells of "lynch him." It is hoped that the victim of the shooting will recover. Ruthven's friends think he showed considerable forbearance in only shooting once under such circumstances.

FISHERMEN RESCUED.

(Associated Press.) Silver Creek, N. Y., March 4.—The four fishermen, Henry Turner, John George, James McBratne and Julius Ludwig, supposed to have perished on an ice floe in Lake Erie, were rescued by Captain Desmond and a crew after midnight and landed at Irving. All were suffering from cold and hunger, but will recover.

PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES.

(Associated Press.) Valparaiso, Chile, March 4.—The Chilean presidential convention to-day selected candidates by ballot in the following order: Claudio Viqueza, Fernando Lafreze and Auguste Maite. The first named headed all ballots.

WALL STREET.

(Associated Press.) New York, March 4.—The tone of the trading was quiet at the opening with the exception of some of the specialties, which were the run. The principal stock leading the advance were Steel, National Steel, American Hoop and Federal Steel. The steel stocks broke badly, the common dropping 2½ and the preferred 2½. Sugar ran off a point, and R. R. T. was heavy.

HEAT IN CITIES.

The hot weather is more deadly in the city than in the country because certain peculiar conditions tend to make the heat more oppressive. The moist, grass-covered earth of the country does not give out heat as do stones and bricks. Evaporation is more rapid, producing coolness. Whatever current of air there may be sweeps along unchecked.

But in the city, says Professor G. A. Dorems, the heat of the sun is fairly soaked into the brick and stone walls; and when night comes this heat is slowly radiated, making the night almost as unpleasant and oppressive as the day.

Before all the heat is out of these pavements and walls, the sun has risen again, and so it goes on until after a few days of red summer weather New York becomes a perfect oven. The rows upon rows of high buildings prevent the flow of air, and so there is little relief for the inhabitants. But worse than the heat is the humidity. High humidity is always accompanied by a low barometer. The more air there is in a certain quantity of air the less oxygen can the lungs take away from it, and the less oxygen the more depression and difficulty in breathing.

The one great thing that is needed in order to reduce the suffering of the people is to remove the moisture from the air.

That cannot very well be done out of doors, but it can be done in factories and other buildings where many persons are employed.

Of course, to do this money must be spent on machinery and coal. The great trouble is that the proprietors of these places expect to save in summer the money they spend in winter on coal. By the use of proper machinery much of the moisture can be removed from the air, and with it may be removed many of the ill-effects of summer. This applies, of course, to all institutions.—Philadelphia Times.

A GOOD COUGH MEDICINE FOR CHILDREN.

"I have no hesitation in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says Dr. R. W. Brown, a well known and popular doctor of Petersburg, Va. "We have given it to our children when troubled with bad coughs, also whooping cough, and it has always given perfect satisfaction. It was recommended to me by a druggist as the best cough medicine for children, as it contained no opium or other harmful drug." Sold by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents.

THE SEARCH FOR ANDREE.

Ransacking the Lena Delta for Traces of the Lost Empire—Obstacles to Rapid Travel.

In the Century-Jonas Stalling describes, under the heading "The People at the Top of the World," his first attempts to discover traces of the explorer Andree who sailed away in his balloon in July, 1897.

The next morning we awoke with fine weather, and started early. Soon, however, it began blowing, and within an hour we had a gale. Now we had our first hard tug for life. The water here was about six miles broad, and was lashed into foam by the fierce wind. The natives screamed with fear. After desperate exertions we reached the station at Tor. To our great disappointment, we did not find any men home. It was about a hundred miles to the next station, and we were in sore need of people to help us row and to aid us in case we should get frozen in. At this station we found plenty of provisions, and the house of the yurt where we were put up showed great hospitality. As usual, we were invited to occupy the guests' corner. In the meantime the hostess and her daughter were busy sweeping the yurt and

Preparing Food For Us.

Then the hostess brought a low table and took a kind of plane and placed on the dirt instead of washing it away, while her daughter was cutting fine shavings from the trunk of a willow to be used as napkins. Finally the table was placed before the guests, whereupon dried reindeer meat, frozen salmon, wooden bowls. We, in turn, invited our hostess and all the women and children of the place to partake of moldy bread, tea and tobacco.

During the night a fierce storm raged, which quieted down a little in the morning. The chief said that he could go no further, not having sufficient warm clothing with him, and also fearing lest his wife should suffer for want of food. He finally consented, however, to accompany us part of the way to the next station. The wind was favorable at the start, and with the aid of our primitive sail we made good headway a few miles, when we got unfavorable wind and had another desperate struggle for life. A new turn of the canal made our sail easier, and after a few hours we met five of the chief's men coming along paddling in their picturesque kayas, which were loaded with fresh reindeer meat. The men having killed nearly thirty reindeer on the previous day. At the command of the chief they all turned and accompanied us to a sheltered place, where we landed in order that the chief might hold a consultation with his men. In a few minutes the natives built a fire and put on the tea kettle and another kettle for boiling meat. Meantime the chief

Held Counsel With His Men. He told them the story of our expedition and expressed great fear that we could not go far before the canals and the sea would freeze, putting out the great danger of boating so late in the season, and telling them of our narrow escape from perishing in the storms.

I began to fear that we should get none of the men to accompany us. At this juncture Kusman, who held some kind of office under the chief, unexpectedly came to my aid. He had been eastward as far as to the Tchugotshew, and westward as far as to the Sankovskis; he had helped buy the dogs ordered for Professor Nansen in 1886, and he had spent some months with Mr. Tuxen on the North coast, on an island in the Arctic Sea near the mouth of the Olenek, watching those dogs while waiting for Nansen. He was a man of much courage and independence of mind, but he was now half and suffered from rheumatism. His powerful eloquence, however, had not suffered; of this he now gave striking evidence. Leaving the watch of the tea kettle in other hands, he suddenly rose to his feet and spoke loudly and in a sharp tone to the chief as follows:

"A craven art thou, and like a craven thou talkest. Dost thou believe that the great Tangara (God) has sent these olchon jurokdachion (great and learned men) and surdajion (marvelously powerful men) to these regions to seek their lost brothers, and then leave them to perish in storms and cold? Fwec!" And he spat indignantly on the ground. "No," he continued, "I, for one, will go with them, be it life or death!"

This speech had a powerful effect, and resulted in the offer of two other men to go with us, and the chief himself resolved to accompany us still farther, sending a man with reindeer meat to his wife. Then we parted with the rest of the natives and

Continued on Our Way.

the picturesque flotilla of the pretty native canoes disappearing in the fog. At dusk in the evening we arrived at Balagan-Syr, where we found a number of very nice yurts. We put up at the home of a widow, who invited us to dried reindeer meat, reindeer tallow, and frozen fish. The poor woman began telling us about her great loss in the death of her husband, but her voice was soon choked with tears and sobs. Her youngest son had now taken charge of his father's estate. According to the custom of the natives here, the youngest son alone inherits from the father—not only his belongings, but also his debts. The other children receive only some gifts. If the children are all girls, then the inheritance goes to the youngest living brother of the deceased, or, if he has no living brother, to his nearest living male relatives.

The following day we had a hard pull against head wind—were twice driven aground, and had to wade in ice-cold water to get the boat afloat, besides having a narrow escape from being swamped. Finally, after having made only twelve miles, we were all exhausted, and had to seek a sheltered place and protect ourselves as best we could. The night was bitterly cold. We had as yet no winter clothing, the natives who had promised to make it for us having disappeared, and we suffered severely from the cold.

AN HONEST MEDICINE FOR LA GRIPPE.

George W. Wallis, of South Gardner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cold, sore throat and grip—and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done me any good whatever. I have used one bottle of it and the cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents.

Public Auction

On our premises, the City Auction Mart, 11 a. m. Thursday, March 7

"VIGILANT"

(As she lies at old Custom House wharf.) Schooner rigged; length over all, 55 feet; length of keel, 40 feet; beam, 12 feet; Tandem compound engines (in good order); tonnage 100 tons; 2½ inch machinery and boiler built by Alden Iron Works Co., Victoria, in 1890. Well adapted for cannery service. Tel. 294. Terms Cash.

Jones, Crane & Co., Dominion Government Auctioneers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Four furnished rooms, with use of bath; or small cottage; party of three, no children. P. O. Box 633.

FOR SALE—White Wyandotte eggs, \$2 per setting; also Brown Leghorns, Cornish Indian Game and Plymouth Rock, \$1 per setting. Inspection of stock invited. Mrs. Edwards, Cadboro Bay. Leave orders at Speed Bros.

FOR SALE—An appropriation of \$4,000—four shares of \$1,000 each, in the Victoria Building Society, will be sold today if required. Apply to W. Marchant, appraiser's office.

WANTED—Smart chamber maid; must be single. Apply before 2 p. m. at Vernon hotel.

LOST—A black Newfoundland pup, white on chest and front feet. Finder kindly return to Beaumont P. O. Reward, \$5.00.

GRAND ORGAN RECITAL

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH

Friday Evening, March 8th

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

—BY—

CLARENCE EDDY

World's Greatest Concert Organist.

Tickets, 50c; each on sale at T. N. Hibben & Co. and Victoria Stationery Co. Seats reserved for the orchestra at Victoria Stationery Co.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

J. RENOUF, GROCER,

Removed to old stand, Todd Block,

corner of Douglas and Pandora

street.

MARRIED.

FRASER WARDELL—At Ashcroft, on Feb. 20th, by Rev. Ar. A. Dorrell, M. A. Fraser and Miss L. Wardell.

TORONTO STOCK QUOTATIONS.

(Furnished by R. H. Hurst & Co., 36 Fort Street.)

	Asked.	Bid.
B. C. Gold Fields	24½	5
Black Tail	11	9
Brandon & Golda Cr.	8	4
Canadian G. F. S.	7½	6½
Carlson McKinnay	36	33
Carrington Hydraulic	1.05	1.35
Centre Star	1.20	80
Crow's Nest Pass Coal	70.00	60.00
California	5½	4½
Deer Trail Coal	3	2½
Evening Star	8	5
Fairview Corp.	2½	2½
Golden Star	2½	2½
Grant	4½	3½
Iron Mask	40	33
Granby Smelter	47	45
Montreal & London	5	2½
Morning Glory	9	6
Morrison	8	7½
Noble Fire	4	2½
North Star	85	70
Old Ironsides	85	77
Oliver	42	10½
Payne	42	37
Rambler Carbon Co.	30	26
Republie	41	30
Slocan Sovereign	6	3
Virtue	28	25
30 Star Eagle Coal	40	30
Warrick	24½	20
White Bear	4½	4½
Winipeg	7	5
Sullivan	14	10

Sales—Golden Star, 2,000 at 25; 2,000 at 25; White Bear, 30 days, 2,000 at 45; Hammond Reef, 2,000 at 15; 500 at 15; Granby, 5,000 at 45.

BOXING EXHIBITION.

A grand boxing exhibition will be given under the auspices of the Victoria School of Arms in Philharmonic hall, Fort Street, on Thursday, March 7th. Ben. Tremble, 165 lbs. champion of the Pacific Coast, and Ed. Hennessey, champion middleweight of New York, will meet in an 8 round glove contest for points. Jim Case and Nobby Clark, of H. M. S. Amphion, will box 4 rounds for points. Nobby Clark, champion amateur of B. A., will box 4 rounds with an unknown. Admission, 50c. and \$1.

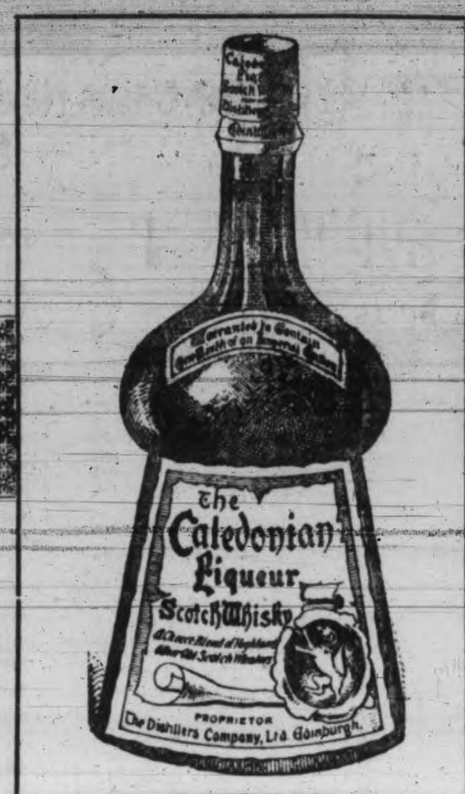
Three more games of the J. B. A. A. handball tournament were played off last week. In a game between Russell and Jones, Russell won, and in the match between Jesse and Galbraith, Jesse came off winner. On Saturday, another game took place between Jesse and Pettigall, in which Pettigall, after a hard struggle, won.

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For Infants and Children.

The only safe and reliable medicine for children. Sold by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents.

For Connoisseurs Only



R. P. Rithet & Co. LIMITED.

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HELLO! HELLO!!

Party Line Telephones at reduced rates. Call up "Central No. 500" and ask for terms and districts. Perfect service. Terms so moderate as to be within reach of all. No advance payment, or charge for installation.

H. M. Naval Yard, Esquimalt, 4th March, 1901.

VICTORIA & ESQUIMALT TELEPHONE CO., LD., FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.

THE RIGHT WAY TO TALK. THE WRONG WAY TO TALK.

THE LUXURY OF ELECTRIC LIGHT.

Like that of a good cigar, must be experienced to be thoroughly appreciated; but its freedom from the foul odors, dirt and smut of oil and gas—to say nothing of the danger of asphyxiation—anyone can easily understand. We supply all sorts of appliances and apparatus to be used with electric light, as well as useful contrivances for the storage and distribution of electricity in many varied forms.

The Nulton Electric Company, Limited, 62 GOVERNMENT ST.

Best Double Screened Household Coal

\$6.50 Per Ton Delivered Weight Guaranteed.

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Stoddart's Jewellery Store

63 YATES STREET, 2 Doors East From Broad Street.

During Mr. Stoddart's short stay in Victoria, N. W. T., have engaged first-class workmen to attend to our large jobbing trade in repairing watches and jewellery. Waterbury Nickel Alarm Clock \$1.00 8-day Striking Clocks, warranted 10 years \$3.00

S. A. STODDART.

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